Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN FENNO, No. 119 Chesnut Street.

NUMBER 1702.] PHILADELPHIA: THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 22, 1798. [VOLUME XIII.

FOR SALE,

The Schooner

THREE SISTERS,

Burthen 85 tons, two years old built of the best materials, and now ready to receive a cargo. Said vessel may be viewed at Mr. Samuel Brewer's wharf, Kensington.

ALSO,

The Sloop

HARRIET,

Burthen 77 tons, three years old, is well found; may be viewed at Messrs. Pettel and Bayard's wharf.

Those Vessels are well calculated for Coasters, and have been employed in the trade between Philadelphia and New-York—They have excellent accommodations for Passengers.

For terms, apply to

Gurney & Smith.

February 16.

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH,

At their Store on Walnut Street Wharf—

HAVE FOR SALE,

58 hhds. of Jamaica Rum
Madeira Wine in pipes and hhds.
Teneriffe do. in pipes
Old Port do. in hhds.
Imperial Tea in quarters and eighths of chests
Sail Canvafs, No. 1, to 8
Dimities, Ginghams, and Muslinets, in packages suitable for the West-India market
Nails assorted
Black quart bottles
Queens ware in hhds. and crates
Yellow ochre dry in casks;

And at New-York, on board the ship Diana, from Liverpool, expected round as soon as the navigation is open,

Fine Liverpool Salt
Coals
PAINTS: Spanish Brown, Venetian Red, Purple Brown, Patent White, White Lead, Red Lead
Colcothar vitriol
160 bundles Sheathing paper
Seaming Twine

Ship DIANA,
For Sale or Charter.

ALSO,

Brig AMAZON,

N. B. The late firm of Philip Nicklin & Co. is now changed to

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

January 1. codtf

For Savannah,

The fast sailing Ship

SWIFT PACKET,

(a regular trader)

PATRICK GRIBBEN, *master*, WILL sail on the 10th inst. (ice permitting) has handsome accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage apply to the master on borrd, at Bickley's wharf, above Market-street, or

N. & J. Frazier,
No. 95, South Front-street.

February 3. §

For Amsterdam,

The Ship

FARMER,

JOHN M'COLLOM, Master; WILL sail in a few days, the greater part of her cargo being ready. For freight of fifty tons of Coffee, or passage, apply to the master on board, at Walnut-street Wharf, or to

JOHN SAVAGE.

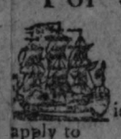
Who is landing, out of the said Ship, from Bourdeaux, and for sale,

Claret in hhds.

White Wine in quarter casks
Claret in cases, of a superior quality
Wines in cases: Fontiniac, Santerne, Lunille,
Prunes in boxes

Novembe 24.

For Sale or Charter,



The Snow

GOOD HOPE

Will carry about 1200 barrels, and is ready to take in a cargo. For terms apply to

Pragers & Co.
No. 151, South Second-street.

Who have for sale—prime St. Croix Sugar and Rum, Madera, Lisbon, and Teneriffe wine.

November 7. dtf

Flax Seed for sale.

Apply to

GEO. DOBSON,
No. 25, South Third-street.

January 27 §

Boston Glass Manufactory.

THE citizens of the United States are hereby informed, that the manufacture of Window Glass is now commenced at the Glass House in Boston.

It is needless to say any thing of the excellent quality of the Boston Glass, as it is so well known throughout the United States to be in every respect greatly superior to any ever imported from Europe.

It will be cut to any size commonly used; and may be constantly had by applying to *Charles F. Kupfer*, at the Glass House.

Orders from the distant States to be addressed to Mr. *Samuel Gore*, Court-street, Boston.

☞ Two or three good Glass makers are wanted at the above works; such as can produce recommendations for good behavior, may be sure of employ, by application to Mr. *George L. Lindt*, at the works. Men without families will be preferred. However unacquainted with the method of making Crown Window Glass, they will meet with the same encouragement.

Boston, January 16 2 —2awów

A Nurse's place wanted.

A WOMAN just arrived from England, wants a place as a Nurse or attendant on the sick, either on a Gentleman or Lady.—For further information apply at No. 10, South Fourth street, near Market street.

Feb. 6. 3t

Public Sale of Real Estates.

On THURSDAY Evening, the 15th of February next, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Merchants' Coffee-house in Second-street, at 6 o'clock in the evening, the following

ESTATES.

No. 1. A two story brick House, with 2 two story frame Buildings, on a lot 20 feet front and 100 feet deep; also, a vacant Lot of 40 feet square, with the privilege of an alley to go thereto. This interest has lately been let for 200 dollars per annum, and is situated in Christian-street, between Front and Second-streets, the second house from Mr. Caleb Ash's.

No. 2. A three story brick House, situate at the north-east corner of Chesnut streets, being 14 feet on Second-street, and 20 feet on Chesnut-street, now in the tenure of Mr. Morange, at the yearly rent of 400 dollars, and is deemed one of the best stands for the sale of dry goods in this city.

No. 3. A handsome well finished three story brick House, 20 feet front and 100 feet deep, situate in Fifth-street, between Market and Arch-streets, No. 40. This ouse is built and finished in the modern style, is in complete repair, with double cellars under the whole. There is a cistern of rain water in the yard; and the house is at present let for 600 dollars per annum with the taxes.

No. 4. A three story brick House, situate in Plumb-street, between Second and Third street, being 20 feet front and 130 feet deep, at present occupied by Robert Kenny.

No. 5. A three story brick House, on the bank side of Front-street, No. 171 North, going thro' to Water-street, where it is five story. It is 20 feet front and 48 feet deep, in complete repair, and is rented for 600 dollars per annum.

The conditions of Sale are, one quarter cash, one quarter in 6 months, one quarter in 9 months, and one quarter in 12 months.

Philadelphia, Jan. 12, 1798. 3aw

☞ On account of the present bad weather, the above sale is postponed until Thursday evening, the first day of March, at 6 o,clock. Feb. 16.

JUST ARRIVED,

In the Ship Star, Joseph Woodman, master, from London,

50 crates Queens' Ware, assorted to suit West-India market
40 hogsheads Whiting
1500 bushels good House Coals

ALSO—JUST LANDED,

400 barrels prime Beef, Boston and New-York
50 barrels Pork
150 hhds. Havana Molasses
Woolen Cloths, Blaukets, Hard Ware } assorted in packages
Ravens Duck
Window Glass in boxes, British, of various sizes
Black quart Bottles, in hampers of 1 groce each
A general assortment of Queens' Ware, in crates
Fowling Pieces and Pistols, in cases
Basket fine Salt, in hogsheads

FOR SALE BY

Thos. & John Ketland.

February 15 §tIM

The Subscriber

INFORMS those whom it may interest or concern, that the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas have appointed *Monday, the twenty-sixth day of February next*, to hear him and his Creditors, at the Court-house in this city, on the subject of his petition for the benefit of the Insolvent Law—and that their attendance is desired.

JAMES GREENLEAF.

Philadelphia, Jan. 16. cot26thF

The Subscriber,

Informs those to whom he is indebted, that his books, which have been kept open for their inspection since December 1796 are balanced to the 31st ult. and will during the present month remain open at his Counting-house in Chesnut Street for their further investigation and scrutiny.

JAMES GREENLEAF.

Philadelphia, Jan. 1st 1798.

Surveyor General's Office,

December 2, 1797.

ON a release of survey of 433 acres 68 perches of land, situate in lower Smithfield township Northampton county, surveyed to William Wills, per warrant of 2d March, 1786, the Deputy Surveyor hath made the following note, viz,

This land claimed by heirs of Lewis Gordon and George Taylor, not known by what right.—Certified for Daniel Broadhead, Esq. Surveyor General—William Parker.

The first Monday in March next is appointed for a hearing of the parties on the above caveat, or any others interested or concerned therein, they having at least thirty days notice for John Hall, Secretary of the Land Office.

N. Lufborough.

January 26 §t1F2wtm

Salisbury Estate.

THE Subscriber, proposing to contract his business, offers this Estate for sale, on moderate terms. On it are one Blast and three Air Furnaces, a complete Boreing Machine, and a very good grist Mill, with two pair of stones; also a good Forge, all in perfect repair, as are all the Water Works connected with these various branches. The Air Furnaces were lately built for the purpose of casting Cannon for this State.—There are about two thousand acres of Land, one half of which is under wood, the other very fine arable Land, producing the best Hay and Pasture. The Cannon lately manufactured there, fully proves the excellency of the metal, which is superior to any in this country, and probably, equal to any in the world; for not one of sixty-nine guns lately made, although some of the 24 were bored into 32 pounders, have failed on proving. The situation is very eligible, particularly for this branch of manufacture, and a place of arms lying in the state of Connecticut, and only 30 miles from several landings on the Hudson's river, and having every advantage that can result from a plenty of water issuing from a large natural pond, very near the Furnace, and which may be converted into a variety of other useful purposes. The purchaser can be accommodated with all the stock and utensils, and have possession on or before the first of June next, and preparation may be made in the mean time for going into Blast immediately thereafter, for every part will be delivered in good order, with some coal, Ore, &c. &c. For terms, apply to Mr. Joseph Anthony, in Philadelphia; David Brooks, Esq. one of the Representatives in Congress for this State; Mr, David Waterman, on the premises, or to the proprietor in New-York.

WILLIAM NEILSON.

Dec. 1. 3awtf

Landing this day,

From on board the schooner Two Friends, Daniel Crawley, Master,

30 hhds. and 12 pipes } Jamaica RUM,

FOR SALE BY

George Latimer & Son.

november 9. §

THE term of Co-partnership between the subscribers, trading under the firm of John Miller, jun. and Co. expires this day, and by mutual consent will not be renewed. The debts and concerns of the same will be settled by John Miller, Jun. to whom all those indebted to the partnership are earnestly requested to make payment to, without delay.

JOHN MILLER, Jun.
ALEXANDER J. MILLER.

February 19 §tf

FOR SALE, BY

JOHN MILLER, JUN.

No. 8, Chesnut-street,

A quantity BENGAL GOODS,

—AMONGST WHICH ARE—

Gurrahs, Bastas, Guzzenas, Guzzies, Blue Cloths, Palampoors
Mameodies, Sannas, Tanda Cossaes, Emertics, Calicoes, Romall Handkerchiefs

Amongst them are a great proportion of the manufactures of Patna.

British Dry Goods,

ALSO,

Forty puncheons of high proof Rum.

February 19 §

Alex. J. Miller & James Davis,

Having entered into partnership under the firm of

Alexander J. Miller & Co.

INFORM their friends in town and country, that they have opened a Wholesale Dry Good Store, at No. 64, South Front Street, Philadelphia; where they now have, and intend keeping a general assortment of *India, German, Irish, French* and *British* Manufactures for sale, on advantageous terms for cash or a short credit.

February 19 §tf

For Sale by the Subscriber,

Forty-nine bales of Muslins, being the remains of the ship India's last cargo from Calcutta, and will be sold low,

7 Boxes of Umbrellas
25 Pipes of finest particular Madeira wine, of the vintage of 1795.

Mordecai Lewis.

February 19 d2w

A PRINT.

THE Print, representing GENERAL WASHINGTON and his family, all whole lengths in one groupe, will be ready for delivery by the 15th of March next.

An unfinished impression is to be seen at Mr. M'Elwees's looking-glass store, No. 70 South Fourth Street.

The subscription will close on the 10th of March next. Subscribers may depend on having the best Prints at *one guinea and an half*. To non-subscribers, the price will be two guineas.

February 19.

☞ Stop the Runaway.

ABSCONDED from his master's employ, in the city of Philadelphia, on the 5th of this instant February, a Negro Man, named Mentor, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches in height, and of rather a spare make; his phisiognomy is vacant but not disagreeable; his age is supposed to be about 40. He had on when he went away, a short blue cloth coat, striped cassimere vest, corduroy breeches, and yarn stockings of a blue and white mixture—he took with him a blue cloth great coat, the cape of which is edged with yellow binding; a long brown cloth coat; a short blue cloth coat with buff coloured cape and cuffs; also, a pair of blue cloth breeches; the other cloathes he took with him cannot be particularly described.

It is supposed, he intends going to the eastern shore of Maryland. Whoever will apprehend, and secure the said negro in any gaol, so that his master may get him again, or bring him home, shall have a reward of TWENTY DOLLARS.

Apply to the Printer.

February 7. §

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the Subscriber, an insolvent debtor, confined in the common goal of the County of Cape May in the state of New-Jersey, hath presented his petition to the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, in and for the said county, praying that they would attend to hear what can be alledged for or against his liberation, pursuant to an act of the Legislature of this State, entitled "an act for the relief of insolvent debtors," passed the 26th day of January 1798—And the the said court did appoint Monday the 26th day of March next for the purpose aforesaid; to meet at the Court House in the Middle Precinct, at eleven o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, of which his creditors are requested to take notice.

CHARLES ALLEN.

Cape May, Feb. 8, 1798.

Feb. 14—1aw3w

Princeton—*New-Jersey.*

To be Sold,

THAT neat and convenient House in which the late Mrs Ann Witherspoon, now Mrs. Ann Walker lived; together with all the appurtenances. The house is two stories high, of frame work and painted. There are four rooms and an entry on the lower floor, and five rooms on the second floor. The cellars are dry, and the garret specious—The back yard is paved with stones. In it are a well of excellent water, an oven, a smoke house, and house for ashes—and behind it a carriage house, hay loft, granary and convenient stables, with four stalls for horses, and four for neat cattle. The lot is 60 feet wide upon the street, and 254 feet deep, somewhat more than half of which is made into a kitchen garden of an excellent soil.

For terms, which will be made very reasonable, apply to the reverend

Samuel S. Smith.

January 19. 2aw4w

IN THE PRESS,

And speedily will be Published,

For the benefit of the

MARINE SOCIETY of the UNITED STATES,

A general plan and system of Regulations therein:

Written at Sea, in the year 1794:

And now printed

BY THE AUTHOR.

"A NAVY would be maintained but to an almost useless purpose which taking the seamen kept the merchantmen idle in port, and trading vessels would be as unprofitably employed, if they took all those seamen whose skill and courage on board ships of war, would give them protection and secure their safety. We have enough for both purposes, and the cultivating hand of attention alone is wanting to multiply their number. "Money may buy "all naval stores, except mariners; but, unless a "supply of them is preserved, no wealth will be "able to procure them."

February 7. §

Baskenridge—for sale

IT consists of 920 acres, almost all of which is a fine rich Meadow, (the residence of the late Earl of Sterling). It may be conveniently divided into five farms, four of which are bounded on the East by the river Passaick.

There are on it a number of buildings, forming a square of nearly three acres—The dwelling house is a very convenient one, and a small expence would put it in complete repair.

The orchard consists of 1500 fine bearing engrafed Apple Trees—and there is on other parts of said tract near 300 other Apple Trees—as also a great variety of other fruits, particularly Cherries of the best and most delicious kinds.

Also, a great number of beautiful Exotics and Forest Trees, that add to the beauty and convenience of the place. Its situation is about 18 miles from the towns of Newark and Elizabeth; 10 do. from Morris-Town, and 12 from Springfield—It is wooded and watered.

To save trouble, the price is five pound pr. acre in cash, on delivery of the deeds. Please to enquire of

T. McEUEN & Co.
No. 78, Chesnut treet.

February 2. eodtf

Fresh Fruit.

To-morrow morning will be landed, at *Morris's* Wharf, just above the Drawbridge, the cargo of the schooner Fredericksburg Packet, Captain Pearce from Malaga, viz.

Bloom Raisins in kegs
Do. Do. in boxes
Muscatel do. in do.
Figs in kegs
Almond kernels in casks and boxes
Soft shell'd almonds in sacks
Prunes in boxes
Grapes in jars
Anchovies in kegs, &c.

The whole of the articles shipped as of the first qualities.

For Sale by

Peter Kuhn.

February 5 d5t

Prison Manufactory.

FOR SALE,

At the Prison of the City and County of Philadelphia,

Cut Nails of all sizes, from 3dy to 20dy
Flooring Brads, Spriggs, Saddle and card Tacks
Oakum and chipped Logwood
Shoemakers and Sadlers Thread

Also—Sawed Marble, suitable for currier's tables, tomb and head stones, hearths, chimney pieces, platforms, slabs, facia, window heads, sills, &c. All which may be had on reasonable terms.

Shoes made and Weaving done at said Prison at a moderate price.

Orders from a distance, directed to Daniel Thomas, agent for the prison, will be attended to.

December 26. mth6m

For sale or to be let on ground-rent,

A valuable Lot of Ground;

SITUATE on the north-east corner of Walnut and Fifth streets, fronting the State-House square. This lot is fifty-one feet front on Walnut street, and one hundred and thirteen feet and an half on Fifth street; there are at present two small two story brick houses, and a number of small tenements thereon.

Also, for Sale,

Two three story Brick Houses

With convenient stores, wharf, &c. situate on Water street, between Mulberry and Sassafras Streets, containing in front on Water street fifty-four feet, and containing that breadth eastward ninety-five feet, then widening to the south thirteen feet six inches. These houses have the convenience of a public alley adjoining on the north side, and are a very desirable situation for a a merchant, flour factor, or others who may have occasion for storage of goods. This property will be sold on very reasonable terms for cash. For further information apply to the printer.

July 31. m&wtf

Just Published,

And to be had at the Book-stores of Messrs. DOBSON, CAMPBELL, YOUNG and ORMROD, in Philadelphia,

OBSERVATIONS

On the Causes and Cure of Remitting or Bilious Fevers.

To which is annexed,

AN ABSTRACT of the opinions and practice of different authors: and an APPENDIX, exhibiting interesting facts and reflections relative to the *Synochus Icteroides*, or Yellow Fever, which has occasioned so much distress and mortality, at different periods, in several of the seaport towns of the United States of America.

BY WILLIAM CURRIE,

Felow of the Philadelphia College of Physicians, and Member of the American Philological Society. Feb. 1—*3m§

Canal Lottery----No. II.

WILL commence drawing Monday, the 26th inst. Tickets for Sale in this Lottery, at *Seven Dollars*, at WM. BLACKBURN's Lottery and Brokers Office, No. 64, South Second-street—Tickets in the Schuylkill Bridge Lottery, at *Ten Dollars*, where check books are kept for registering and examining in these, the City of Washington, No. II. and Patterson Lotteries, and information where tickets may be had in most of the Lotteries authorised by law in any of the States of the Union.

N. B. The business of a BROKER, in buying and selling all kinds of Public Stock and Securities, discounting Bills and Notes of Hand, sale of Lands, Houses, &c. &c. will be duly attended to, by

WM. BLACKBURN.

November 15. §

IN THE PRESS,

AND SPEEDILY WILL BE PUBLISHED,

(Price 25 Cents)

Reflections on Monroe's View

OF THE CONDUCT OF THE EXECUTIVE,

As published in the

GAZETTE of the UNITED STATES,

Under the signature of

SCIPIO,

In which the commercial warfare of France is traced to the French faction in this country as its source, and the motives of the opposition to the measures of the United States are exposed.

Feb. 8.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, No. 21, Penn-street,

The Cargo of the Ship Ganges,

John Green, commander, from Bengal,

Consisting of

Baftas, of various qualities and prices,

Cossaes	Punjum Cloths.
Sanahs	Guzzey do.
Humhums	Charconna Dores
Blue Cloth	Tanjibs
Chintz and Calicoes	Mulmuls
Mamoodys	Checks
Maharagonges	Patna Hkfs.
Ginghams	Mulmul do.
Guzzenas	Bandannoes
Gurrahs	Sisserfoy
Piniascoes	Choppa Romals
Salgatchys	Sooty do.
Gillie Romals	Persians of various col.
Mock Pulicats	

200 tons SUGAR
90,000 lb. PEPPER.

Willings & Francis.

The Piece Goods

Of the Ganges are now open to sale at that commodious store the north west corner of Market and Fourth-streets.

Also—A few Bales of Madrass Hkfs. of elegant patterns and best colours

February 8. dtf

FOR SALE,

By WHARTON & LEWIS,

No 115 South Front Street.

A quantity of Tanner's Oil,
4th proof Jamaica Rum, } entitled to
1st and 2d proof Brandy, } drawback.
Madeira Wine,
Juniper Berries, &c. &c.

Feb. 9 eodtf

St. Croix Sugars.

26 hogsheads best ST. CROIX SUGAR,

FOR SALE BY

JOHN NIXON & Co.

Feb. 9 fm&wtf

Wanted,

An active, cleanly, industrious woman to cook and do the business of the kitchen. Such a one will be allowed good wages, and no other need apply.—Enquire of the Printer.

February 7 §

WANTED

A young Gentleman to go

Doctor of a Ship to the East-Indies.

Enquire at No. 25 Dock Street.

Feb. 6. d1w

Ran away from the Subscriber,

On the 24th January last,

A Black Woman, named *Zelime.*

SHE is of a middling sized stature, thick lips, marked with the small pox in the face—She carried off a bundle of linen with her. Whoever takes her up and brings her to the subscriber, at No. 181, Arch-street, corner of Fourth-street, shall receive two Dollars reward.

J. LAZELLES.

N. B. Whoever harbors said Girl after this notice, shall be prosecuted to the severity of the law.

February 10. §3t

NOTICE.

ALL persons who have any demands against the estate of *WILLIAM COMPTON*, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceased, are requested to furnish their accounts, duly attested. And those who are indebted to said estate, are earnestly solicited to make immediate payment, to either of the subscribers

Isaac Cathrall,
John Haworth, } Administrators.
Samuel Wilcox.

January 27 ws4w

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Peter Gill late of the District of Southwark, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to either of the Subscribers; and those who have any demands against said estate, are requested to bring in their accounts duly attested, to

John Murphy,
Peter Scravendyke, } Executors,
Thomas Farrell,

January 16. *awawaw

Lately Published,

And to be sold by WILLIAM YOUNG, corner of Second and Chesnut streets,

(Price 3-8ths of a dollar)

Observations on certain Documents

Contained in No. V and VI of

"The History of the United States for the year 1796,"

In which the CHARGE of SPECULATION against

ALEXANDER HAMILTON,

Late SECRETARY of the TREASURY, is FULLY REFUTED,

WRITTEN BY HIMSELF.

This publication presents a concise statemtnt of the base means practised by the Jacobins of the United States to asparse the characters of those persons who are considered as hostile their disorganizing schemes. It also contains the correspondence between Mr. Hamilton and Messrs. Monroe, Muhlenburg and Venable, on the subject of the documents aforesaid, and a series of letters from James Reynolds and his wife to Mr. Hamilton, proving beyond the possibility of a doubt, that the connection between him and Reynolds was the result of a daring conspiracy on the part of the latter and his associates to extort money.

☞ A discount of one third from the retail price will be made in favor of wholesale purchasers, for CASH. Orders to be addressed to Mr. YOUNG.

February 9.

SALES BY AUCTION.

Stated Sales

For DRY GOODS.

Monday—Forenoon—Edward Fox, No. 56, south Front-street. Afternoon—Footman & Co. No. 65 South Front-street.

Tuesday—Forenoon—John Connelly, Old City Auction, No. 73 south Front-street. Afternoon—William Shannon, No. 183 High street.

Wednesday—Afternoon—Peter Benson, No. 74 south Third-street.

Thursday—Forenoon—Edward Fox. Afternoon—John Connelly.

Friday—Forenoon—William Shannon. Afternoon—John Connelly.

Saturday Afternoon—Peter Benson.

NEW THEATRE.

THE Managers deem it their duty to inform the Public, that the Entertainments of the Theatre are unavoidably ſuſpended 'till Monday next, in conſequence of the unfortunate indiſpoſition of Mr. MORETON, the injurious deſection of Mr. COOPER, and the unprecedented peremptory refuſal of Mr. FENNELL to perform the character twice announced for him. Of the firſt gentleman the Managers muſt ever ſpeak in terms of acknowledgment, approbation and friendſhip, for that uniform exertion in his profeſſion which has at once advanced the intereſts of the drama and juſtly rendered him a favorite of its patrons. On Mr. Cooper's conduct, they can make no remark at this time, as the violation of his contract is the ſubject of a ſuit, now depending in the Supreme Court: and in relation to Mr. Fennell, they are content, at preſent, to obſerve, that, independent of the good faith which his engagements ought to inſpire, the liberality that he has hitherto experienced from the managers, as well as from the public, had naturally raiſed an expectation, that he would not ungratefully have taken advantage of the exiſting ſtate of the Theatre, either to embarraſs the former, or to obſtruct the amuſements of the latter.

The Managers, having thus reſpectfully repreſented the real cauſe of the poſtponement of their Entertainments (an event equally unexpected and prejudicial) cannot avoid adverting to the difficulty of executing, with univerſal approbation, ſo arduous a taſk as that which they have undertaken; but they ſolemnly declare that in every department of their duty towards the public, and in all their tranſactions with the performer, their inceſſant efforts has been to give ſatisfaction; and under this declaration they anxiouſly hope that they ſhall experience favor and protection; a candid interpretation of their conduct, and a ſpirit of mutual accommodation.

WIGNELL & REINAGLE.

February 20.

PROPOSALS for PUBLISHING

A new Commercial Work in the City of Philadelphia, to be entitled

The Philadelphia Price-Current,

AND

Nautical Recorder.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Subſcriber having been engaged in carrying on a publication in Boſton under the title of the "*Boſton Price Current, and Marine Intelligencer*;" a work, for utility and extent of circulation, equal perhaps to any publication of the kind in Europe or America, is now induced to riſque an attempt to publiſh a ſimilar paper under the patronage of the citizens of Philadelphia. He makes the attempt from a perſuaſion that a publication for general benefit, and extenſive information, will receive as much ſupport from the liberal minds of the merchants and others of this city, as places of leſs opulence in the United States—and although little immediate benefit ſhould reſult to the citizens from ſuch a publication, yet it might prevent an idea abroad which ſome have induſtriouſly circulated, that the trade of this extenſive city was on the decline, and contracted into ſo narrow a ſphere that it would not ſupport a Price Current.

The general anxiety that prevails in the commercial world at this critical period, renders a work of the kind particularly uſeful and neceſſary—Nor can the utility be doubted, when it is conſidered how extenſive the trade and particularly the inſurance are affected in this city.—A careful publication of the ſailing and arrival of veſſels in different parts of the world—advice from veſſels at ſea—accidents happening in and out of port,—are ever circumſtances that ought to be known by the merchant and underwriter, and one information of this kind may ſave more than the coſt of a hundred papers through life. The Editor engages to uſe his utmoſt endeavors to make it honorable and profitable to himſelf, ſenſible that it can be done only by making it acceptable to his patrons.

This publication will contain, a general Price Current of all articles of importation & exportation, with the duties on importation, in this City, New-York and Boſton—Foreign Price Currents, in general; to obtain which the various European publications will be procured, particularly thoſe of London, Liverpool, Briſtol, Hamburgh, &c.—all arrivals and clearances in the principal ports in America, and every article of nautical information which can in any manner be uſeful or intereſting to merchants in general. It will likewiſe contain Prices of Stocks in the different parts of the United States, corrected by eminent Brokers—Cuſtom houſe importations—Laws, Arrets and Decrees of commercial tendency, &c. &c.

CONDITIONS.

1ſt. To be printed with a new type, on good paper of a large crown ſize, and contain 4 pages folio.

2d. It will be publiſhed twice a week, and delivered to ſubſcribers in the city early on the mornings of publication, and forwarded to thoſe out of the city with the greateſt expedition and care.

3d. The price will be four dollars per annum; payable, one dollar on the delivery of the firſt number; one dollar at the expiration of three months, and the reſidue at the end of the year.

4th. Subſcribers for the work in any other place than the city, to pay one half years ſubſcription money.

5th. The work to begin as ſoon as five hundred ſubſcribers are procured, of which notice will be given.

☞ Subſcription papers will be placed in the various public offices, &c. and ſent in the courſe of the week, to the citizens in general, for their patronage.

JOSEPH N. RUSSELL.

February 20. tuf&m3t

New-York, January 24, 1798.

PROPOSALS

By Arondt Van Hook,

Proprietor of the Reading Room;

For Publiſhing by Subſcription,

An Appeal to Impartial Poſterity,

BY MADAME ROLAND;

Wife of the Miniſter of the Interior in France.

CONDITIONS.

Theſe ſcarce and very valuable Hiſtorical Memoirs, (which ran through two London editions in a few months,) will be compriſed in 2 vols. octavo, of 400 pages each.

They will be printed on fine paper and a new type, and delivered to Subſcribers, neatly bound and lettered, at 1 dollar and 50 cents per volume---one third of the Subſcription money to be paid on delivery of the firſt volume---the remainder when the work is compleat.

To Printers, Bookſellers, and others, who acquire Subſcriptions, the uſual allowance will be made.

☞ Subſcriptions are taken at the Reading-Room, No. 149, Water ſtreet—the Printing-Office, 149, Pearl-ſtreet—and at the different Bookſtores in New-York—Alſo, by William Young, corner of Second and Cheſnut ſtreet, and the Editor of the Gazette of the United States, Philadelphia.

As ſoon as a ſufficient number of Subſcribers are obtained, the work will be put to preſs, and compleated with the utmoſt diſpatch.

Feb. 20. eodam

Twenty Dollars Reward,

FOR taking up a runaway ſervant Girl, named Abigail Miller, latterly calling herſelf Betſey Smith, and ſending her to North Front-ſtreet, No 45. She is of a chunky make, and very dark complexion, with round features, and black buſhy hair; probably much altered by paint and powders, as ſhe is ſuppoſed to be ſecreted in houſes of ill fame, though no more than fifteen years of age.

February 19. co2w

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY—FEBRUARY 21.

Mr. Venable, from the committee to whom was referred the amendments of the Senate to the bill appropriating a ſum of money for holding a treaty with the Indians, reſpecting their title to land in the ſtate of Tenneſſee or North Carolina, made a report, recommending an agreement to all the amendments, except one, to which they recommended a diſagreement. The amendments agreed to related to ſtriking out the ſtates of Tenneſſee and North Carolina, leaving the direction to the Preſident of the United States, in general terms to hold ſuch treaty or treaties with the Indians (without mentioning any particular tribe) as he ſhall think proper. The amendment which the committee recommended to be diſſented from, was in the following words:

"Provided nothing contained in this act ſhall be conſtrued to admit an obligation on the part of the United States to extinguiſh for the benefit of any ſtate, or individual citizen, Indian claims to any lands lying within the *territory* of the United States."

This amendment produced a debate which laſted the greater part of the day. It was oppoſed by Meſſrs. W. Claiborne, Nicholas, Venable, S. Smith, R. Williams, M'Dowell, Gallatin, and Macon, on the ground of its being a new thing to introduce ſuch a clauſe into a bill of this kind; that the bill was complete without it, and that to agree to this amendment would amount to a denial of the claim againſt the United States of the petitioners from the ſtate of Tenneſſee and others, to an extinguiſhment of the Indian title to their lands, which they were ſatisfied was well founded, and a denial of which would be equally unjuſt and impolitic; that it would be beſt to let this queſtion remain untouched for the preſent, leaving it to the Preſident to act as he ſhall ſee proper; as if the petitioners and others had a claim, the amendment propoſed could not take it away; it could therefore have no other effect than a bad one, as it might, and it was believed would be conſidered as a declaration againſt all perſons who had claims of this kind againſt the United States; that the perſons who would be affected by ſuch a declaration were very numerous; that thoſe who had been driven from off their lands in the ſtate of Tenneſſee, and who had in conſequence experienced the greateſt diſtreſs, might be induced, from a deſpair of redreſs, to go over to the Spaniſh territory, or inſiſt upon holding their lands in defiance of the late treaty with the Cherokee Indians; that the former alternative was by no means deſirable, but the latter might involve the United States in a war with the Indians.

This amendment of the the Senate was advocated by Meſſrs. Sitgreaves, N. Smith, Harper, Sewall, Gordon, Otis, and Dana, as neceſſary to eſtabliſh the principle upon which the law was paſſed. The buſineſs originated, they ſtated, upon a memorial from the inhabitants of Tenneſſee, whoſe claims for redreſs againſt the United States, had always been advocated upon the ground of *juſtice*; whereas it was believed that the preſent bill had been agreed to upon the ground of *policy*, by the greater part of thoſe who voted for it. It was neceſſary, therefore, to introduce a clauſe of this kind, to ſhew upon what ground the law did paſs, otherwiſe it might hereafter be inſiſted that the law was predicated upon a conviction of the juſtice of the claims of theſe citizens upon the United States, which it was preſumed, the houſe were neither prepared at preſent, to admit nor deny. They wiſhed to leave this queſtion undecided, and denied that his clauſe which was introduced for that purpoſe, could be conſtrued as a declaration againſt the right of the claimants to redreſs from the government of the United States. It was intended, and could only be ſo conſidered, as a ſaving clauſe againſt conſequences which might be attempted to be drawn from the law, and which it was not intended to provide for.

The Yeas and Nays being called for upon the queſtion of concurring with the ſelect committee in their diſagreement to this amendment from the Senate, they were taken as follow:

YEAS.

Meſſrs. Baldwin, Baird, Benton, Blount, Bryant, Burgeſs, Cabell, W. Claiborne, Clay, Clopton, Davis, Dawſon, Elmendorf, Findley, Fowler, N. Freeman, Gallatin, Gilleſpie, Grove, Harriſon, Havens, Holmes, Jones, Livingſton, Locke, Lyon, Machir, Macon, M'Clenachan, M'Dowell, Milledge, New, Nicholas, I. Parker, Rutledge, Skinner, S. Smith, W. Smith, Sprigg, Stanford, Sumpter, A. Trigg, J. Trigg, Varnum, Venable, R. Williams.—46.

NAYS.

Meſſrs. Allen, Baer, Bartlett, Bayard, Brookes, Bullock, Champlin, Chapman, Cochran, Coit, Craik, Dana, Dent, Evans, A. Foſter, D. Foſter, Glenn, Goodrich, Gordon, Gregg, Griſwold, Hanna, Harper, Hartley, Heiſter, Hindman, Holmer, Imlay, Kittera, Lyman, Matthews, Morris, Otis, Reed, Schureman, Sewall, Shepard, Sinnickſon, Sitgreaves, N. Smith, Sprague, Thatcher, Thomas, Thompſon, Tillinghaſt, Van Alen, Wadſworth, J. Williams.—48.

The report of the ſelect committee having been negatived, the queſtion was now upon agreeing to the amendment itſelf.

Mr. Bayard moved to amend the amendment, by ſtriking out the word *territory* and inſerting the words "*limits of the United States*," which motion was carried 47 to 41.

The queſtion on the amendment was then put and carried 47 to 46.

Mr. S. Smith called up for deciſion the reſolution which he laid upon the table the other day, for obtaining from the collectors of the ſeveral ports of the United States a ſtatement of veſſels captured or detained by foreign nations, belonging to the United States ſince the 1ſt July, 1795.

Mr. J. Williams doubted whether the collectors could give the information required.

Mr. S. Smith believed they could. The Senate he ſaid, had adopted a reſolution of a ſimilar purport with this, but he did not think it ſufficiently particular, which was the reaſon of his introducing this.

Mr. Gordon did not ſee any neceſſity for adopting this reſolution, ſince the Senate had already paſſed one of a ſimilar tendency.

Mr. Thatcher was in favour of the reſolution; but did not think it went far enough back.

Mr. J. Williams moved to ſtrike out the 1ſt July, 1795, in order to inſert "*ſince the ratification of the Britiſh Treaty.*"

Mr. S. Smith thought the 1ſt July, 1795 a proper period; but if the gentleman from Maſſachuſetts would bring forward a propoſition to have a ſtatement from the commencement of the European war, he ſhould not object to it. Many attempts had heretofore been made to obtain a correct liſt of captures but it had never been effected. The laſt ſeſſion an imperfect account was laid before the houſe collected from newſpapers; he believed the courſe now propoſed would produce more ſatisfaction than had yet been obtained on this head.

Mr. Thatcher moved that the ſtatement ſhould commence from the 1ſt of October, 1792, when neutral veſſels were firſt ſtopped in the ports of England, a period which was a few months previous to the breaking out of the war betwixt France and England.

Mr. S. Smith conſented to this alteration

Mr. Harper moved to ſtrike out the 1ſt of October 1792, for the purpoſe of inſerting "*from the ratification of the Britiſh treaty.*" He did not ſee why the Houſe ſhould aſk for a long ſtory of captures ſince the year 1792, The object required was a ſimple one, and lay within a much narrower compaſs. It was merely to obtain a comparative ſtatement of captures made by France and England within a certain period. To take the account ſo far back, would only ſerve to retard the enquiry, without being of any real uſe.

The queſtion was put on this amendment and negatived, there being only 23 votes in favor of it.

The queſtion then recurred on the reſolution as amended by Mr. Thatcher's propoſition.

Mr. Allen moved to add, "*and for what cauſe.*" He did not know that the propoſed enquiry, could be of any other uſe than to ſatisfy curioſity; but, if any part of it could be of uſe, he thought it would be well to have the cauſe of capture aſſigned.

Mr. Otis hoped this amendment would not obtain, as it would be very puzzling, indeed, to know for what cauſe our veſſels had been deſpoiled and captured.

Mr. J. Williams ſaid, if it were poſſible to diſtinguiſh betwixt fair and illicit traders amongſt the captures, he ſhould be glad; but he feared this object could not be accompliſhed.

Mr. Sitgreaves remarked, that though the collectors could not in all caſes, give an anſwer to this enquiry, they might in ſome. Indeed, he did not know that they could give the other information required, any more than this, as he knew no mode by which they could get poſſeſſion of it. If they could not anſwer this enquiry, it would be eaſy for them to ſay ſo. He hoped, therefore, it would be agreed to.

The motion was put and negatived, there being only 26 votes in favour of is.

The queſtion was then taken on the reſolution, and carried, there being 58 votes in favour of it. Adjourned.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE of REPRESENTATIVES.

February 10.

Mr. Leib preſented a petition from a number of the inhabitants of that part of the Northern Liberties, lying between Vine-ſtreet and Pegg's-run, and the river Delaware and Sixth ſtreet, praying to be incorporated.

Alſo, one from the managers and truſtees of the ſchool, near the Riſing Sun tavern in the Northern Liberties, praying the grant of ſix hundred dollars, to enable them to complete the houſe for the accommodation of the ſaid inſtitution.

Mr. Everly preſented a petition from Henry Frayly, ſtating that there are balances due him from the counties of Lancaſter, Berks, Northampton and Montgomery, for drums, fifes and colours, furniſhed the militia of ſaid counties, and praying relief.

The committee to whom was referred the petitions relative to the poor of Delaware county, reported in favour of the petitioners.

A report in favour of the petition of Edmund Milne, was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

A report upon the petition of a number of the inhabitants of York county, praying for a diviſion of the ſame; in favour thereof was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The bill for raiſing by lottery a ſum to defray the expences of erecting a ſchool-houſe in the Townſhip of New-Hanover, in the county of Montgomery, was conſidered by paragraphs, and ordered for a third reading.

The bill entitled, "An act extending the powers of the Judges of the Supreme court of common Pleas," was conſidered and ordered for a third reading. Adjourned.

February 12.

Mr. Sterret preſented a petition from a number of the inhabitants of Mifflin county praying pecuniary aid to Dickenſon college, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. W. Maclay preſented a petition from a number of the inhabitants of Dauphin county, of a ſimilar tenor to the above mentioned petition, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Bonnett preſented a petition from a number of the inhabitants of Bedford county, of a ſimilar tenor to the laſt mentioned petition, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Leib preſented a petition from John Bioren and Patrick Madan, accompanied with a copy of their propoſals for printing the laws of this commonwealth, and praying that a number of copies of the ſaid work be ſubſcribed to for the uſe of the ſtate, which was read.

Mr. Kelly preſented a petition from a number of the inhabitants of the commonwealth, ſtating that the act to declare and regulate eſcheats, is defective, and praying that a ſupplement may be paſſed to remedy the ſaid defects, which was read.

Mr. Waln preſented a petition from a number of the citizens of Philadelphia, praying that the law would be made more effectual for the prevention of vice and immorality, which was read and referred to the members of the city, with inſtructions to report by bill or otherwiſe.

Mr. Preſton preſented a petition from Philip Thomas, ſtating that he purchaſed and proceeded to improve a tract of land on Conewago Creek in Allegheny county, but before he had completed the ſaid improvement according to law, his good intentions were arreſted by the loſs of his ſight, which he fears will endanger his legal claim to the ſaid land, and therefore prays relief, which was read.

The committee to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act to enable the Governor of this commonwealth to incorporate a company for making an artificial road from the city of Philadelphia through Germantown by the route of Cheſnut-Hill to the twelve-mile ſtone on the Reading road, and thence to Reading, in the county of Berks." reported a bill of a ſimilar title, which was read the firſt time.

The committee to whom was referred, the 9th inſt. the petition of Benjamin Kerr, praying leave to erect a mill-dam in the Allegheny river, made report in favour of the petitioner.

The committee to whom was referred, January 15th inſt. the report of the committee on the petition of Matthias Pinyard, taken from the files of the late houſe, reported a bill, entitled "A ſupplement to the act eſtabliſhing an explicit fee bill," which was read the firſt time.

Mr. Sterrett read in his place, a bill, entitled "An act to eſtabliſh a ferry over the Juniata river, oppoſite Mifflinburgh, in the county of Mifflin, and veſting the right in James Taylor and James Sanderſon their heirs and aſſigns," which was read the firſt time.

Ordered, That Monday next be aſſigned for the ſecond reading of the bill, entitled "An act to regulate the general elections within this commonwealth," and that it be the order for that day.

The bill entitled "An act for raiſing by way of lottery a ſum not exceeding five hundred dollars, to be applied to the defraying the expences of erecting a ſchool houſe in the townſhip of New Hanover, in the county of Montgomery," was read the third time and agreed to.

The bill entitled "An act to grant a ſum of money to the truſtees of the academy and free ſchool of Bucks county," was read the third time, and agreed to.

The bill entitled "An act to enable the owners and poſſeſſors of Briſtol-Iſland meadows, in the townſhip of Briſtol and county of Bucks, to keep the banks, dams, ſluices and flood-gates in repair, and to raiſe a fund to defray the expences thereof," was agreed to.

The bill entitled "An act extending the powers of the judges of the ſupreme court and common pleas," was read the third time and paſſed with amendments.

The houſe reſumed the conſideration of the report of the committee, to whom was referred the petition of a number of the inhabitants of Northampton county, praying for a diviſion of the ſaid county, poſtponed January 30th laſt. And the reſolution therein contained was adopted.

Ordered, That the committee who bro't in the report, be a committee for the purpoſe expreſſed in the ſaid reſolution.

Adjourned.

February 13.

Mr. Watſon preſented a petition from a number of the inhabitants of Bucks county praying that the law for the prevention of vice and immorality, may be made more effectual. Referred to a ſpecial committee of five members.

Mr. S. Maclay preſented petitions from a number of the inhabitants of this ſtate, praying for the removal of the ſeat of government. Laid on the table.

The petition from a number of the inhabitants of Berks county, praying pecuniary aid to remove the obſtructions to the navigation of the river Schuylkill, was read a ſecond time, and referred to a ſpecial committee, to report thereon.

Mr. Philſon preſented a petition from a number of the inhabitants of the townſhip of Londonderry, in Bedford county, praying that the ſaid townſhip may be annexed to the county of Somerſet. Referred to the members from the counties of Bedford and Somerſet.

The committee on the petition of a number of the inhabitants of Philadelphia, praying that the practice of uſury may be regulated, reported a bill, entitled "an act for the prevention of uſury," which was made the order of the day for Wedneſday the 21ſt inſt.

An act for the incorporation of the congregation of the proteſtant epiſcopal church of St. John, in Weſt-Caſo in the county of Cheſter, was reported, read and made the order of the day for Saturday next.

Mr. Evans moved that a committee be appointed to join a committee of the ſenate to inſpect the general accounts of the bank of Pennſylvania, in order to aſcertain the amount of it's capital ſtock, of the debts due, of the money depoſited, of the notes in circulation, and the caſh in hand, and report generally. Laid on the table.

The report on the petition of Edmund Milne, was read a ſecond time, and the reſolution therein contained adopted.

Ordered that the committee who brought in the report be a committee for the purpoſe expreſſed in the ſaid reſolution.

The bill for incorporating the ſociety for the relief of diſtreſſed pilots, &c. was adopted, together with the amendments made thereto by the Senate.

The bill for defraying the expence of ſurveying five tracts of land granted to Cornplanter, a chief of the Seneca nation, together with the amendment of the Senate, was concurred in.

The committee of the whole reported progreſs in the bill for repairing and maintaining the public roads, and begged leave to ſit again, which was refuſed.

Adjourned.

February 14.

Mr. Hendricks preſented a petition from a number of the inhabitants of Weſtmoreland county, praying pecuniary aid to Dickenſon college. Laid on the table.

Mr. Keys preſented a petition from the inhabitants of Donegal and Mountjoy townſhips, in the county of Lancaſter, praying an alteration in the place of holding their elections. Referred to the members from Lancaſter county.

Mr. Horn preſented a petition from the Preſident, managers and company, for the erection of a bridge over the Delaware, at the borough of Eaſton, praying for leave to raiſe the ſum of 12,500 dollars by way of lottery, for the completion of the ſaid bridge. Referred to a ſpecial committee.

The committee appointed, reported a bill to amend and perpetuate the act for extending the powers of the juſtices of the peace within this ſtate, which was laid on the table.

A bill was reported authoriſing the clerks of the reſpective markets in the Northern Liberties, to regulate the weights, &c. and aſſigned for Saturday, the 24th inſt.

Two bills were received from the ſenate.

The committee appointed on the petition of John Bioren and Patrick Madan, praying the patronage of the ſtate to an intended edition of the laws of Pennſylvania, reported a reſolution to appoint a committee to bring in a bill conformable to the prayer of the petitioners.

The committee on the Petition of Elizabeth Rankin, reported in favour of the petitioner.

The committee appointed for the purpoſe reported a bill granting a ſum of money to the truſtees of Dickenſon college.

The committee appointed to take into conſideration that part of the governor's addreſs which reſpects the Wyoming controverſy, made report, recommending the appointment of commiſſioners to repair to the county of Luzerne, in order to view and determine the reſpective claims therein.—Made the order of the day for Wedneſday next.

Mr. Lieb moved, that a committee be appointed to enquire into the propriety of repealing the law againſt lotteries.—Laid on the table.

Other bills, as reported by reſpective committees, were diſpoſed of, and the houſe. Adjourned.

The following petition is now before the Legiſlature of this Commonwealth.

To the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, in General Aſſembly.

The Memorial and Petition of ſundry inhabitants of the borough and county of Lancaſter,

RESPECTFULLY SHEW:

THAT your memorialiſts deem it not only expedient for the intereſts of this commonwealth, but ſtrictly reaſonable that a participation in the advantages reſulting from the exportation of the products of this ſtate to foreign countries, ſhould not be facilitated to the inhabitants of another ſtate, to the manifeſt injury of our own export trade; and, more eſpecially, whilſt the legiſlature of ſuch other ſtate, declines to concur with that of Pennſylvania, in opening the long contemplated communication between the navigable waters of both ſtates.

That, although this populous and fertile ſtate poſſeſſes only one ſea-port town, the waters of the river Suſquehanna purſue a courſe of many hundred miles through the heart of the country; and, by its interlockings with other boatable waters, as well as by means of the turnpike road from the borough of Lancaſter to Philadelphia, the communication between the interior country and that capital ſeaport is rendered eaſy and commodious.

That the town of Columbia, at Wright's Ferry, on Suſquehanna, will, by its favorable poſition (independently of other towns above it, on the ſame waters) become a very convenient mart and place of depot, for the river trade, tending to the mutual benefit of the agricultural and commercial intereſts of Pennſylvania in general.

That, with an obvious reference to thoſe important intereſts, the Legiſlature of Pennſylvania, by an act paſſed the 9th of March 1771, declared the river Suſquehanna, "*As far down as Wright's Ferry,*" to be a public ſtream and highway, for the purpoſes of navigation up and down the ſame, and the meaſures ſince carried into effect, under the ſanction of the Legiſlature, for improving the navigation of that river, above the town of Columbia, have greatly contributed to facilitate an intercourſe of trade between the northern and weſtern parts of the ſtate and the port of Philadelphia.

That your memorialiſts conceive the general proſperity of Pennſylvania, reſpecting not only its foreign trade, but its agriculture and manufactures, to be in a very conſiderable degree dependent on the promoting ſuch a *reciprocity* of theſe ſeveral intereſts among its citizens, as may yield to the ſtate the greateſt advantages which can be derived from an *union* of thoſe reſources. Under this impreſſion, your memorialiſts have noticed with concern, meaſures purſued by perſons not acting under any public authority of this ſtate, for clearing the channel of the Suſquehanna, between Columbia and that part of the river which is interſected by the ſouthern boundary line of this ſtate.—The avowed deſign of theſe operations (which your memorialiſts underſtand are intended to be perſiſted in) is to render the city of *Baltimore* the mart for the products of a great portion of Pennſylvania; and for ſupplying in return foreign merchandize for the conſumption of its inhabitants:—And the obvious tendency of an intercourſe of that nature and extent, with *another ſtate*, without *it's* government interchanging ſimilar benefits with this commonwealth, as it has the power of doing, is to permit that other ſtate to enjoy an undue advantage over our own,

whilst we poſſeſs the right of withholding ſuch permiſſion.

Viewing, therefore, the enjoyment of theſe unrequited advantages, by the inhabitants of the ſtate of Maryland, as operating to the manifeſt injury of the general intereſts of this ſtate; and conſidering the Legiſlature of Pennſylvania, as the conſtitutional guardians of its welfare, your petitioners moſt reſpectfully pray, that your honorable body, will paſs a law to prohibit any perſon or perſons, not legally authorized by this ſtate, from removing any obſtruction to the navigation of the river Suſquehanna, between the town of Columbia aforeſaid, and the Southern boundary line of this ſtate.

And your petitioners will ever pray, &c.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

THURSDAY EVENING, *FEBRUARY* 22.

To the electors of the city of Philadelphia.

At a meeting of the Judges and Inſpectors of the Election for the city of Philadelphia, at the Mayor's Office, on the 19th inſtant, it was determined, to open the election which is to be held in the ſaid city on the 22d inſtant, for the choice of a Senator preciſely at 10 o'clock in the morning.—For the information as well of the Judges and Inſpectors of Electors, the Attorney-General has on application of the Judges and Inſpectors communicated the following Queſtions as proper to be aſked of perſons of whoſe right of voting the Inſpectors ſhould entertain doubts: viz—

"Firſt, Are you a native of the ſtate of Pennſylvania, or of any other of the United States, and have you ever ſworn allegiance to any foreign power, State, or Sovereignty?

"Second, have you taken an oath or affirmation of allegiance to the ſtate of Pennſylvana, or any other of the United States and thereby became a citizen previous to the 26th of March, 1790, or have you been naturalized according to the acts of Congreſs?

"Third, Have you reſided within this ſtate two years next before this election, and have you within that time paid a ſtate or county tax?

JARED INGERSOLL."

By order of the Judges and inſpectors, aforeſaid,

HILLRY BAKER, one of the Judges.

—

At a meeting of the citizens of Walnut ward at the houſe of William M. Smith, on Wedneſday the 21ſt February, 1798.

Reſolved.—that from the high ſenſe this meeting entertain of the character and talents of Benjamin R. Morgan; and from the ſignal proofs he has given of his ſtrong attachment to the conſtitution, government, and laws of the United States, and of this ſtate; alſo from his known zeal and ability to defend us from the attacks of open, *and the machinations of concealed enemies.*—this meeting pledge themſelves to ſupport him at the enſuing election of Senator for this diſtrict, and do recommend him to their fellow citizens accordingly.

ISRAEL MORRIS, Chairman.
JOHN SITGREAVES, Sec.

—

At a meeting of a numerous and reſpectable number of citizens of the Northern Liberties and City, on the 21ſt inſt. at Mr. Ogden's tavern, it was unanimouſly

Reſolved, That as friends to law government, and remembering the patriotic and uſeful ſervices of Benjamin R. Morgan, in the cabinet and in the field, when inſurrection threatened the exiſtenc of our government, we will to the beſt of our efforts ſupport him at the enſuing election for Senator.—And

Reſolved, That the committee of the Senate who ſo patiently inveſtigated, and ſo juſtly and unanimouſly decided upon the late conteſted election of Iſrael Iſrael, deſerve our thanks for their independent and impartial conduct.

ABRAHAM DUFFIELD, Chairman.
JAMES SWAIN, Secretary.

—

At a numerous meeting of reſpectable citizens, at the houſe of Mr. Clay, in the townſhip of Moyamenſing, Feb. 21, 1798.

Alexander Clay, Chairman.
Samuel Stevens, Secretary.

It was unanimouſly reſolved to ſupport Benjamin R. Morgan, at the enſuing election for Senator.

—

At a reſpectable meeting of the electors of the townſhips of Lower Dublin, Bybury and Moreland, convened by public notice at the houſe of John Segar, Innkeeper in Buſtleton, on Tueſday the 20th of Feb. for the purpoſe of nominating a ſuitable perſon to be run as Senator at the enſuing election on the 22nd inſt.

JONATHAN SCHOLFIELD Eſq. in the Chair.

Reviewing with deep regret the injury we as citizens ſuſtained by the number of illegal votes taken at the laſt general election, which, with the diſperſion of many of the good citizens, who were prevented from voting by the afflicting diſorder then raging in Philadelphia, we believe to have been the cauſe of that truly patriotic citizen *Benjamin R. Morgan* not being re-elected a Senator, and as our gratitude for his paſt ſervices and confidence in his diſpoſition to promote our intereſt in the Legiſlature in future is not leſſened thereby, therefore, reſolved unanimouſly that we will ſupport the ſaid *Benjamin R. Morgan* with our votes at the enſuing election on Thurſday next the 22nd inſt.

JONATHAN SCHOLFIELD *chairman.*
JOHN M'CLELLAN, *Sec'y.*

—

At a meeting of a number of reſpectable citizens of the Diſtrict of the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, at the houſe of Samuel Gano, on the 20th of February, 1798, it was unanimouſly agreed to ſupport Benjamin R. Morgan, at the enſuing election, as Senator for the diſtrict, compoſed of the city and county of Philadelphia and county of Delaware,

And whereas, at a meeting of certain citizens of the Northern Liberties, at the town houſe, on the 17th inſt. the preamble to their reſolution ſets forth that the vacation of the ſeat of the ſaid Iſrael Iſrael, is a proſtration of the rights of the citizens:

"Reſolved, That it is the unanimous opinion of this meeting, that the committee of the Senate, who tried the Conteſted Election of the ſaid Iſrael Iſrael, for their impartial and judicious conduct on that occaſion, receive the thanks of this meeting for their juſt and prompt deciſion, and that any attempts to vilify their proceedings, are derogatory to the American character, and a *real* proſtration of the rights of the citizens.

SAMUEL WHEELER, Chairman.
JOHN TAYLOR, Sec'ry.

—

At a meeting of a number of reſpectable citizens of Dock ward, at the houſe of P. Evans,

Reſolved, That it is the unanimous ſenſe of this meeting, to ſupport Benjamin R. Morgan at the enſuing Election, as Senator for the Diſtrict of Philadelphia city and county and the county of Delaware and that we will uſe our beſt endeavours to preſerve peace and good order at ſaid Election.

JOSEPH LOWNES, Chairman.
SETH WILLIS, Sec'ry.
Philadelphia, Feb. 20.

—

At a numerous meeting of the citizens of Philadelphia, at the houſe of William Pennock, in South Mulberry ward, on Tueſday evening, February 20th, 1798, John Rugan in the chair.

The meeting taking into conſideration the invaluable right of ſuffrage in a free government, and being deeply impreſſed with the indecent and groundleſs reflections, which have appeared in ſeveral of the daily papers of this city, againſt the deciſion of the committee of the Senate of this ſtate, who were choſen for the purpoſe of trying the conſtitutionality of the late election of Iſrael Iſrael it was

Unanimouſly reſolved, That highly approving of the principles which confine the right of ſuffrage to citizens by birth and by adoption, as ſecured by the Conſtitution, and confirmed by the determination of the ſaid Committee, we will each and every of us uſe the utmoſt of our influence and *legal* exertions to ſupport Benjamin R. Morgan at the enſuing election for Senator, in conſideration of his long and tried ſervices in public life, and the faithful and honorable diſcharge of the ſeveral duties with which he has been entruſted.

JOHN RUGAN, Chairman.
Jonathan Jones, Sec'ry.

—

At a meeting of a large number of citizens at the houſe of John Dunwoody, on Monday evening, 19th February, Mr. Andrew Tybout in the Chair, Jacob Chryſtler, Secretary.

Reſolved Unanimouſly, That from our knowledge of the integrity, patriotiſm, and abilities of Benjamin R. Morgan, we will uſe the utmoſt of our endeavours to ſupport him at the enſuing election for Senator of the Diſtrict, compoſed of the city and county of Philadelphia and the county of Delaware.

ANDREW TYBOUT, *Chairman.*
JACOB CHRYSTLER, *Secretary.*

—

At a meeting of a number of the citizens at the houſe of Mr. Phillip Timmons, on Monday, 19th February 1798, James Crawford, Eſq. in the chair, and Hugh Holmes, Secretary,

It was unanimouſly reſolved to ſupport the Election of Benjamin R. Morgan, on Thurſday next.

JAMES CRAWFORD, *Chairman.*
HUGH HOLMES, *Secretary.*

—

At a meeting of a number of the citizens of Derby and its vicinity, at the houſe of Mr. Samuel Aſh, on Monday the 19th inſtant,

It was unanimouſly reſolved to ſupport Benjamin R. Morgan at the enſuing election as Senator for the Diſtrict, compoſed of the city and county of Philadelphia and the county of Delaware; and that the citizens attending the meeting will individually give him all the ſupport in their power.

HUGH LOYD, *Chairman.*
NATHANIEL NEWLIN, *Secretary.*

—

At a very large and reſpectable meeting of the merchants, mechanics and other electors of the city and county of Philadelphia at the city tavern on the 17th February, 1798,,

GEORGE LATIMER, *Chairman,*
THOMAS ROSS, *Secretary,*

It was unanimouſly reſolved, "That the citizens compoſing this meeting, will, to the utmoſt of their power, exert themſelves individually to promote the election of Benjamin R. Morgan as ſenator for this diſtrict; and they do pledge themſelves to come forward with their votes and intereſt in his behalf on the day of the ſaid election, and recommend him to their fellow citizens, as a proper character for the ſaid office.

GEORGE LATIMER, *Chairman,*
THOMAS ROSS, *Secretary.*

—

At a meeting of a number of the inhabitants of Delaware county, at the houſe of William Anderſon, in the borough of Cheſter, February 17th, 1798,

It was reſolved, with only one diſſenting voice, to ſupport Benjamin R. Morgan at the enſuing election, for a ſenator for the diſtrict compoſed of the city and county of Philadelphia, and the county of Delaware.

ELISHA PRICE, *Chairman,*
WM. MARTIN, *Secretary.*

—

At a meeting of a reſpectable number of citizens, held on Saturday evening, February 17th, at St. Mary's ſchool houſe, for the purpoſe of conſulting on a proper perſon to repreſent them in the Senate of this State, John Leamy in the chair,

It was reſolved unanimouſly to ſupport Benjamin R. Morgan, at the Election to be held on Thurſday next, the 22d inſt.

JOHN LEAMY, Chairman.
Atteſt, EDWARD CARRELL, Sec'ry.

—

At a numerous meeting of the citizens of Southwark, and townſhip of Moyamenſing, at the houſe of Mr. James Cameron, in Shippen ſtreet, the following reſolution was unanimouſly adopted.

Reſolved, that this meeting taking into conſideration the virtues, talents, and patriotiſm of BENJAMIN R. MORGAN, do agree to ſupport him individually as Senator at the enſuing election, being fully convinced that he will uſe his utmoſt exertions to ſupport the laws and conſtitution of the United States, as well as of the State of Pennſylvania.

JOSEPH BIRD, chairman
CLEMENT HUMPHREYS junr. *Sec'y.*
February 16th 1798.

—

At a numerous meeting of the Citizens of the Diſtrict of Southwark, and townſhip of Moyamenſing, at the tavern of Capt. John Rice, Mr. Joſhua Humphreys in the chair

Reſolved, That we will uſe our utmoſt exertions to ſupport BENJAMIN R. MORGAN, at the enſuing election of Senator to repreſent the city and county of Philadelphia, and county of Delaware; being convinced that at this time, peculiarly important, and intereſting to all the advocates of the adminiſtration of the government of the United States, to ſupport thoſe who are known to be the friends of order and good government, is a meaſure which our duty compels us to adopt.

Joſhua Humphreys, Chairman.
Peter Miercken, Sec'ry.
14th Feb. 1798.

—

At a meeting of a number of the Citizens of the city and county of Philadelphia, at Ogden's Tavern, on Tueſday, 13th February, 1798, it was unanimouſly reſolved.

To ſupport BENJAMIN R. MORGAN, at the enſuing Election, as Senator for the Diſtrict, compoſed of the city and connty of Philadelphia, and county of Delaware.

LAWRENCE SECKEL, Chairman.
M. KEPPELE, Secretary.

—

TO THE PUBLIC.

A Publication has this day made its appearance calculated to deceive you. It is ſigned by Hugh Ferguſon, jun. Merchant, Michael Bright and others, and ſtates the teſtimony of Mr. Strawbridge and Mr. White, not as delivered to the chief Juſtice. Theſe gentlemen did not ſay that no ſuch declaration was made by Mr. Iſrael, but that they either did not hear it, or did not recollect it. If Mr. Henderſon's Teſtimony had not ſatisfied the mind of the Chief Juſtice, as to the ſeditious intentions of Mr. Iſrael, why did he bind him over to keep the peace and be of good behaviour. The fact as proved was, that Mr. Henderſon heard Mr. Iſrael declare his ſentiments, and the others were not attending to the converſation. TRUTH.

—

For the Gazette of the United States.

A writer who *aſſumed* the name of *Veritas*, in Bache's paper of the 19th inſt. accuſed the ſigners of the circular letter of 13th February, in favor of Mr. Benjamin R. Morgan, of a deliberate untruth. You are deſired to retort the charge upon Veritas, and to publiſh the declaration of Mr. Matthias Barton, Chairman of that reſpectable and impartial committee of the ſenate, which, as we declared in our circular, UNANIMOUSLY determined that the election of Iſrael Iſrael was illegal, and thereby reſtored to the citizens the violated right of ſuffrage.

Names of the Committee.

Joſeph Cowperthwait—Anthony Morris—Daniel Smith—John Wall—Peter Miercken—Joſhua Humphreys—Joſeph Thomas—Joſeph Ball—Samuel Wheeler—R. Hill Morris—John Rugan—Wm. Sheaff—Levi Hollingſworth—John Vaughan—George Bringhurſt.

—

To Meſſrs. Levi Hollingſworth, Daniel Smith, &c.

GENTLEMEN,

In compliance with your requeſt to be informed "whether the committee were *unanimous* in their report on the conteſted election of Mr. Iſrael?" I do not heſitate to ſay they were. A day or two before the committee had reduced their report into form, a ſeparate queſtion was taken on the ſeveral articles contained in the ſpecification of the petitioners and upon *each* of them, the committee was *unanimous*. Immediately before the chairman had by order of the committee, ſigned the report, *one* of the members expreſſed a *doubt*, as to a point which he had not fully examined—he was told by the committee, that if he wiſhed further time to ſatisfy his mind, he ſhould be indulged, and that the report would be poſtponed for one, two or more days if neceſſary, as it was the general wiſh that the *unanimity* which had hitherto prevailed in the committee ſhould continue. He obſerved, that as all the other members were ſatisfied as to the fact upon which he had doubted, he did not wiſh for any delay, was ſatisfied, and the report of the committee was agreed to, and ordered to be ſigned, without any diſſenting voice.

I am with reſpect,
Gentlemen,
Your humble ſervant,
MATTHIAS BARTON.
Philadelphia, Feb. 21ſt, 1798.

Beware of Counterfeits!

The friends of Benj. R. Morgan are requeſted to examine their tickets, leſt by leaving out the R. or putting another Chriſtian name, the vote may be rendered null.

—

The Conſtitution of this ſtate confines the right of voting to *Citizens* who are 21 years of age or more, and have reſided two years or more within the ſtate, and within that time paid a ſtate or county tax, aſſeſſed at leaſt ſix months before the Election, and the ſons of perſons qualified as aforeſaid between 21 and 22 years of age, are entitled to vote, although they ſhall not have paid taxes.

All parties agree in this, that a perſon who is not a *Citizen* cannot be entitled to vote.

Who then are *Citizens?*

All perſons born within the limits of the United States, or ſettled therein, on the 4th day of July, 1776, or within the ſtate on the 28th September, 1776.

All perſons who arriving after the above time, have taken according to law, an oath or affirmation of allegiance to this, or ſome other of the United States, on or before the 25th of March, 1790.

All perſons arriving on or before the 29th January 1795 who have been naturalized conformably to the Laws of the United States.

The children of perſons duly naturalized dwelling within the United States, and being under the age of 21 years, at the time of ſuch naturalization and the children of citizens of the United States born out of the limits and Juriſdiction of the United States.

No foreigner who arrived in this country after the 29th day of January 1795 can become a citizen until after a reſidence of at leaſt five years.

—

READ THIS!

The conſtitution of the United States is the rallying point of all true friends to their country in every political emergency. The pending election is one of thoſe intereſting occaſions on which they ſhould diſplay their attachment to this palladium of their rights. The conteſt involves all that is dear to us as independent citizens of a free government. *Morgan* and *Iſrael* are placed on different grounds, ſo that the candidates out of view, perſonally conſidered, the conteſt is for principles, which are, and ought forever to be dear to us.

Look at the two deſcriptions of perſons oppoſed to each other. The ſupporters of Benj. R. Morgan are the ſupporters of the laws, the friends of order and peace, the prop of the trade, commerce and mechanical arts of this great emporium of the Union. They are the ſober, diſcreet, ſubſtantial houſe-keepers, the induſtrious, thriving citizens who poſſeſs property, or hope, under the protection of the laws to acquire it. They are the fathers of families, who love the country in which they were born, and who exult in the proſpect of handing down to their poſterity that independence, thoſe laws, rights and privileges for which they fought, bled and conquered. Theſe are the friends of Benj. R. Morgan. Of ſuch men every country ſhould be proud, they are its bulwark, and the prop of its exiſtence. On the other hand, who are thoſe who advocate the election of his competitor. With few exceptions, they are men who hate the conſtitution, and the civil and moral principles which form the baſis of our independence and ſecurity—They revile the heroes who effected the ſalvation of our country in the conteſt for all that is dear and ſacred to freemen—they take part with the foreign and domeſtic enemies of the United States—they reprobate the adminiſtration of the government, and encourage our foreign foes in their depredations on our commerce. They anticipate the time when the barriers of public and private faith ſhall be broken down, when all confidence ſhall be deſtroyed, and the floods of licentiouſneſs ſhall ſweep away all thoſe principles that give peace and ſecurity in life, or hope in the hour of diſſolution—Are ſuch men the friends of their fellow-men—are they the friends of the poor of the mechanics, of the induſtrious honeſt citizens—are they the friends to the rights of perſon and property—are they the friends to private individual happineſs, or the general proſperity of this country, this commonwealth, or of this city? Alas, all our experience ſays no. Shall we then ſuffer ourſelves to be out voted by them—forbid it, the guardian genius of United America.

—

To ſhew how impoſſible it is for a democrat to be rational, on any ſubject, ſeems to be a fatality invariably attendant on the efforts of citizen Bache. His notions about neutrality, are as crude and prepoſterous as his conceptions of liberty, equality and republicaniſm. In truth it is his occupation to pervert and obſcurate; and it it is not more extraordinary that he ſhould confound neutrality with imbecility and cowardice, than that he ſhould imagine every qualification of a legiſlator to be included in the word Republican—that he ſhould confound liberty with turbulence and anarchy—and that he ſhould expect to make his comfort or his happineſs comport with a career of impudence, falſhood, and blaſphemy.

—

Departed this life, about 9 o'clock this morning, *Mrs. Elizabeth Andrews*, the amiable conſort of the Rev. Dr. Andrews, Vice Provoſt of the Univerſity of Pennſylvania.

The connections and numerous friends of the deceaſed will drop a ſympathizing tear to her memory, and unite in condoling with her bereaved huſband and children in their irreparable loſs.

Mrs. Andrews was beloved and reſpected; aſſailed by repeated afflictions, with a reſignation, characteriſtick of the pious chriſtian, ſhe endeavoured in the language of ſcripture to "BE STILL." Her health has been on the decline ever ſince the melancholy event of the death of her youngeſt ſon by fire, in the month of November, 1796.

The writer of this tribute due to real merit can teſtify her acknowledged reliance on that Being, to whom for relief in the hour of diſtreſs, ſhe was accuſtomed to look up.

In diſcharging the ſeveral relative, ſocial and domeſtic duties of life, this worthy lady had but few equals.

"Safe is ſhe lodged above theſe rolling ſpheres;
The baleful influence of whoſe giddy dance
Sheds ſad viciſſitudes on all beneath."

—

*** The Eaſtern Mail had not arrived when this Paper went to preſs.

NEW-YORK, February 19.

A reſpectable French gentleman informs us that advices are received at Philadelphia by a young gentleman from his father, a reſident at Guadaloupe, acquainting him with a ſecond inſurrection having broke out there and that a ſevere conteſt had enſued between the whites and negroes, in which 900 of the latter and 200 of the former were killed. No particulars were mentioned. This article was received by letter from Philadelphia, and our informant thinks it merits full confidence.

—

Baltimore, February 19,

By captain Wilſon, 30 days from Jacquemel, we have received the following liſt of veſſels, captured and lately condemned by the French.

Brig Eliza, Harrington, of and bound to Philadelphia, from Amſterdam, captured in lat. 36, long. 70, and carried into Anguilla bay (Porto-Rico) November 23.—Veſſel and cargo condemned at St. Domingo.

Ship Ellice, captain Harvey, of and bound to New-York, from London, carried in ſame day. Veſſel and cargo condemned.

Schooner Iſabella, captain Meany, of Philadelphia, from Surinam, carried into St. Domingo. Veſſel and cargo condemned.

Brig Fair American, capt. Philips, of and from Baltimore, bound to Jacquemel, carried into Jacquemel on the 19th December. Veſſel and cargo condemned, on account of having Britiſh manufactured goods on board.

Schooner Carmelite, captain Watts, of and from Baltimore, bound to Aux-Cayes, carried into St. Domingo on the 19th of December. Veſſel and cargo condemned, on the plea of having on board Britiſh manufactured goods.

Schr. Citizen, Maſſey, of and from Baltimore, bound to St. Domingo captured and ſent down to Jaquemel on the 12th of January. The captain taken out and ſent to St. Domingo, Expected to be condemned.

January 8, ſpoke the brig Fair American, capt. Burke, of and bound to Philadelphia, from Aux-Cayes, out one day.

Jan. 27, in ſight of the Hogſties, ſpoke ſchr. Iſabella, capt. Huſſey, from Jaquemel of and bound to Portland.

Jan. 28, to the northward of Crooked Iſland, ſpoke ſchr. Argo, captain Randie, from Aux-Cayes, of and bound to Portſmouth.

The managers of the City Dancing Aſſembly give notice that on account of an Election to be held on Thurſday the 22d inſt. the Ball in honor of GEORGE WASHINGTON's birth, is poſtponed to Friday the 23d inſtant.

Ladies and Gentlemen are requeſted to deliver their Cards of Invitation at the door.

Feb. 17. §t23d

Broker's Office,

No. 140 Cheſnut, above Fourth ſtreet.

GEORGE TAYLOR, JUN.

HAVING by the advice of his friends commenced the buſineſs of BROKER, informs them and the public, that he is now ready, and would be happy to execute their commands. He furniſhes money on loan, buys and ſells all kinds of Bank and other Public Stock, &c. &c. at the uſual commiſſion.

☞ The French and Spaniſh Languages tranſlated with fidelity and diſpatch. And the requiſite papers prepared for obtaining Letters Patent under the act for promoting the progreſs of uſeful arts.——Apply as above.

February 21 2t

BALL

Poſtponed on account of the Election, to Saturday the 24th.

Mr. Francis, at the requeſt of his Scholars has, on account of the Election, poſtponed his preſent Ball, to Saturday the 24th.—Mr. F. alſo informs the Subſcribers to his Select Balls, that the firſt of the ſecond ſubſcription will be on Tueſday the 27th.

Feb. 22.

TERMS.

Each Subſcriber to pay *Five Dollars*, which entitles him to a gentleman's ticket, and cards of admiſſion for two ladies at each ball.

The firſt ball to be on Tueſday, the 20th of February, and to be continued every Tueſday till the end of the ſubſcription, at the end of which Mr. Francis propoſes giving an extra ball to the ſubſcribers.

Mr. FRANCIS alſo informs thoſe gentlemen who have not already ſubſcribed, that the plan of the ſubſcription is to be ſeen at Mr. F.'s houſe, No. 70 North Eighth ſtreet.

Feb. 21.

FOR SALE,

A quantity of CALF SKINS, in the rough, and ſome horſe leather. Apply to

ROBERT SMITH & Co.
No. 58, South Front ſtreet.

Feb. 15. d2w

Houſe and Lots, *in Bordentown.*

TO BE SOLD, a handſome two ſtory Houſe, with the Lot on which it is erected, ſituated about the middle of the beautiful and healthy Village of Bordentown. The houſe is forty two feet in front, and in neat order. The lot contains one acre, and is one hundred feet on the main ſtreet, and extends with the ſame breadth to back ſtreet. Alſo, a large Lot, containing nearly four acres, ſeparated from the former by back ſtreet. One third only of the purchaſe money will be required upon executing a deed, and for the remainder, ſuch credit will be given as the purchaſer may chuſe. The property will be ſold free of all incumbrances, and an indiſputable title given.

For further particulars enquire either of Dr. William Burnes, reſiding in Bordentown, near the premiſes, who will ſhew the ſame, or of

PETER THOMSON,
Conveyancer, No. 144, Market-ſtreet.

December 2. 3awtf

FOR SALE,

Several fonts of Types—half worn.

Including Long Primer, about 400 weight, in good condition, and would anſwer the purpoſe of a country Printer as well as new.

Enquire of the Printer.

Hyſon and Young Hyſon Tea.

A few cheſts of excellent quality, for ſale, corner of Second and Pine ſtreets. Dec 26—cotf

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE, AT
W. YOUNG's Book-ſtore,
Corner of Cheſnut and Second ſtreets,
(Price 50 Cents)

Cauſes qui ſe ſont oppoſees aux Progres du commerce, entre LA FRANCE et les ETATS-UNIS de L'AMERIQUE.
Avec les Moyens de l'accélérer ;
Et la comparaiſon de la Dette Nationale de l'Angleterre, de la France, and des ETATS-UNIS.
In ſix Lettres, addreſſées á Monſieur le Marquis DE LA FAYETTE. Traduit ſur le Manuſcrit Anglais du Colonel SWAN, ancien Membre de la Légiſlature de la République du Maſſachuſſet.

Le Commerce eſt la portion la plus importante des (Richeſſes Nationales.
——Le Trident de Neptune, eſt le ſceptre du Monde. LEMIERE.

Or cauſes that have been oppoſed to the PROGRESS of COMMERCE between *FRANCE and the UNITED STATES of AMERICA.*
With the means of accelerating it ;
And a compariſon of the National Debts of *England, France,* and *America.*
In Six letters, directed to the Marquis DE LA FAYETTE.

Tranſlated (into French from the original Engliſh Manuſcript of Col. SWAN, formerly a Member of the Legiſlature of Maſſachuſetts.

Commerce is the moſt important portion of the Wealth of Nations.
——The Trident of Neptune is the Sceptre of the world. LEMIERE.

AT a juncture when the queſtion of a *Commercial Treaty with France* may ſoon become an object of diſcuſſion, a work of this kind becomes extremely uſeful to thoſe citizens of the United States, who may be deſirous to enable themſelves to view this ſubject, under its various aſpects ; and they will have the ſatisfaction to be furniſhed with the neceſſary data, to judge of the uſefulneſs of this tranſaction.

This work is principally diſtinguiſhed by the richneſs of the obſervations, the perſpicuity of the ideas, and the modeſty of the theory which it contains. At Pars, a man of wit obſerved, that this work was like a rich farmer's barn, heaped up to the very roof with uſeful produce. It is addreſſed to the unfortunate LA FAYETTE, in letters, which fugitive form, the author who could only devote a few weeks to this occupation, was obliged to adopt. Although circumſtances are in many reſpects different at the preſent day, from what they were in the year 1790, when theſe letters were written, yet it may be juſtly ſaid, that ſo many abſolute and permanent data ſtill remain, that the judicious reader will not appreciate the work leſs on that account ; on the contrary, as many of the alterations, which have been made, are the reſult of the author's remarks, it will ſerve to convince him that in all tranſactions, between free nations, every thing may be expected from the efforts of truth and juſtice.

LETTER I.

General view of the obſtacles, created in France, to prevent the extenſion of commerce, with the United States—Obſervations made in a tour, taken for that expreſs purpoſe, upon ſome French manufactures (a precious fragment this). Examination and refutation of the prejudices exiſting in France, againſt the quality of certain productions of the United States, and againſt the advantages of their importation—Demonſtration of the bad policy of laying duties on their importation, principally on proviſions in general, and on ſalt proviſions, and fiſh in particular—Conſiderations on the regulations of the French cuſtom-houſes.

LETTER II.

Obſtacles to the extenſion of trade with France, proceeding from circumſtances and individuals in the United States—Proofs that theſe obſtacles are only temporary and will be removed (they have been removed) by time and the wiſdom of government—Hiſtory of the influence of the American paper money—Important principles and abſtract conſiderations on money and circulation—Cauſes of the ſtagnation of American trade, after the peace—Critical examination of French goods, imported into America, and extraordinary conduct of the French merchants—Effects of good commercial laws; and patriotic wiſhes on this ſubject—Obſervations on money, weights and meaſures.

LETTER III.

Eſſay in the form of a *tableau*, to appraiſe the importations into the United States *from France and England united.* The author examines at each article, whether it can be better furniſhed from France or England—It is principally on this ſubject (which would have aſtoniſhed a mere theoriſt) that the author appears to evince great commercial experience. Theſe kind of *tableaux*, unluckily as difficult to obtain as they are much to be deſired, are the only ſure guides the ſtateſman can take for the policy of treaties, deprived of which he is continually deceiving or deceived. We cannot too much admire the apparent exactneſs of colonel Swan's calculations ; and although the proph[illegible]ſies of Lord Sheffield have already been contradicted by experience, and by ſeveral able pens, yet it is curious to ſee the author of the preſent work, diſpute with him the only ground on which he has not been hitherto attacked, by proving that France, under the required condition, will be better able than Great Britain to ſupply us with ſeveral articles, which the Engliſh author allots excluſively and forever to the latter; the author's *partiality affect on* (if he has any) does not appear to have at any time created a *partiality of judgment.* The reſult of this calculation is that in 1789, that is to ſay, at a period when arts and manufactures did not preſent in France the vaſt means and probability of extenſion which they now poſſeſs. that even in 1789, it was preſumable, that France would not only have the means to ſupply one half of any given quantity of the productions of *France and England united*, but alſo to enter into competition with Great Britain for the remainder, in proportion to the wiſdom of her government, and the induſtry of her inhabitants.

LETTER IV.

Calculation of the exportations of the United States, and particular examination of their ſuitableneſs to France; this is one reaſon why, notwithſtanding the excellent work of Mr. Tench Coxe, Mr. Swan's *tableau* is by no means ſuperfluous. the principle of the advantages which would reſult to France from the importation of proviſions and raw materials, is every where applied ; and it is upon this argument, that the author eſtabliſhes his demands to the French government, for the limited admiſſion of the productions of his country into France.

LETTER V.

Tableau, of the debt of the United States at that time—Opinions of the author on the finances, on the effects of national debt, on circulation, &c. as more amply detailed in his National Arithmetic printed at Boſton in the year 1786 ; the whole calculated to ſtrengthen in France, the public and private credit of the United States—the happy condition of America, and the miſeries ariſing from the public debt in Europe, are contraſted in the ableſt manner, and under the moſt ſtriking relations, by very curious calculations—Obſervations on the wiſdom and economy which preſide over the public expenſes in Maſſachuſetts. In this place the patriotiſm of the author appears, with all the elevation which a juſt national pride inſpires. The ancient governments of Europe, ſays he, will learn from us the art of economy in recompenſing the ſervices which the country receives: *Amongſt us it will be ſeen, that men are choſen for places, and not places for men.* This letter concludes with a general view of the public property, depoſited in the hands of the government of the United States.

LETTER VI

General examination of the defects of the commercial policy of France with reſpect to the United States ; many of theſe obſervations have produced the effects for which they were intended, others ſtill remain, pointing out the reforms to be made in future, as a good chart marks the ſhoals and rocks. The author concludes his work, by fixing his attention on his country, and the great men who have rendered it illuſtrious ; and we take a pleaſure in quoting what he ſays of the preſent chief of our government. To praiſe a man when he exerciſes a diſtinguiſhed employment, is common, and may be taken for flattery ; but whilſt he is in private life, it is the homage of ſincerity.

Note, page 316 of the work,

* Les habitans des Etats-unis, ſuivant dans leur choix le bien public, & excites par un principe de reconnoiſſance, choiſirent M. John Adams pour vice-preſident du nouveau congres. Ses efforts, pour preſerver le peuple des intrigues formees par le gouvernement Anglais contre ſa liberte, le rendirent tres-ſuſpect a ceux qui etoient en pouvoir. Le peuple, convaincu de ſon merite, le choiſit pour un de ſes repreſentans dans le premier congres. De ce nombre etoit auſſi M. Samuel Adams, patriote auſſi intrepide, qu'infatigable. La revolution Americaine doit beaucoup a la perſeverance de ſes travaux, & a ſes talens diſtinges. Ceux que M. John Adams a developpes dans le traite de paix, qui s'eſt fait a Paris en 1783, ont prouve qu'il etoit miniſtre auſſi habile que grand politique. Et dans ſon ouvrage ſur la defenſe de la conſtitution Americaine, il a montae toutes les connoiſſances qui forment les vrais juriſconſultes & les hommes de loi ; connoiſſances neceſſaires, pour remplir honorablement les fonctions de preſident du ſenat des Etats-unis.

W. HAYDON
Delineator of Drawing—from London,
(Where he has ſtudied ſeveral years under one of the moſt eminent maſters in that ſcience)

INFORMS his friends, that he has re-commenced his private tuition.—Terms, as uſual, Six Dollars per month, for attendance three times a week. Likewiſe, all kinds of Ornamental Painting, fruit, flowers, &c. taught on the above terms.

W. H. flatters himſelf his terms will be particularly advantageous to thoſe that employ him, as he makes no additional charge if there are two pupils in one family.

A line directed to W. H. left at the office of this Gazette, will be immediately attended to.
January 9. §2w

To Be Sold,

AGREEABLY to the laſt will and teſtament of WILLIAM HEYSHAM, deceaſed, and poſſeſſion given immediately, a valuable property in Arch ſtreet, between Third and Fourth ſtreets, conſiſting of the houſe, No. 107, with the lot on which it is erected, a ſtable, and other improvements.—The houſe is 20 feet front, and contains ten good apartments. The lot is of the ſame breadth as the houſe and 209 feet deep, with a well of water and a very capacious walled ciſtern, both with pumps in good repair. The ſtable ſtands on the rear of the lot and will accommodate four horſes and a carriage. This property enjoys the perpetual privilege of a 26 feet court and an alley, 8 feet wide, extending to Cherry Street. Its central poſition and the advantages it poſſeſſes with reſpect to free ventilation, renders it well worthy the attention of any perſon wiſhing to poſſeſs an eligible property in Philadelphia,

For further particulars enquire at No 88, Vine Street—of
ROBERT HEYSHAM, or FRANCIS BOWES SAYRE, } Acting Executors.
January 11 §

The Subſcriber intends to make application for the renewal of a Certificate of a Share in the Bank of the United States, ſtanding in the name of A. B. No. 5004, dated July 11, 1797, the ſame having been loſt. JOHN GRAHAM.
Richmond, Dec. 1. §6w

NOTICE.

ALL perſons who have any demands againſt the eſtate of WILLAM FLEEWTOOD, of Liverpool, late of Philadelphia, merchant, deceaſed, are requeſted to exhibit their accounts, properly atteſted ; and thoſe who are indebted to the ſame, are deſired to make immediate payment, to

GEO. DOBSON, No. 25, So. Third-ſtreet. } *Adminiſtr'r*
January 4. dtf

Copper for Sheathing,
For Sale, by
SIMON WALKER,
Pine-ſtreet, near Fifth.
January 29 d1w

Genteel Boarding and Lodging
To be had at a moderate price—Enquire a No. 138, Arch-ſtreet.
Jan. 27. d2w

A Houſe in Burlington for Sale.

THE ſubſcriber has a large, convenient two-ſtory brick Houſe, with Stables, Carriage-houſe, and a well improved Garden, in the City of Burlington, New-Jerſey, which he wiſhes to SELL. For terms apply at No. 5, South Fourth ſtreet, to GEORGE WALKER,
Who has alſo for Sale,
Lots in Waſhington City,
Contiguous to the Capitol and to the principal harbour.
December 29. 70t

To be ſold,

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT, containing 6 acres and 40 perches, with a neat two ſtory brick Houſe and Kitchen thereon, an apple Orchard, &c. ſituate on the Iriſh tract lane, in the townſhip of Moyamenſing, about one mile from the city of Philadelphia. Further particulars will be made known upon application at the office of the Philadelphia Gazette.

The improvements upon this place, for taſte and elegance, ſtand unrivalled.
December 1. dtf

PROPOSAL.

HAVING met with a liberal patronage, the Subſcriber is emboldened to iſſue propoſals for printing by ſubſcription, the JOURNALS OF CONGRESS, from their firſt meeting in 1775, to the preſent time.

This work ſhall be printed with a new type, made for the purpoſe ; and on good paper. It will be delivered at one dollar per volume (octavo) in 6 vols.—caſh to be paid on delivery.

It is needleſs to ſay any thing of the merits of this undertaking—the ſcarcity of the Journals throughout the United States, is ſufficient to juſtify the printer in his hope of meeting with that ſucceſs, which he is certain the enterprize deſerves.

JOHN PARKER.
Jan. 27. d 6t

For Sale by the Subſcribers,
Prime Rice in whole and half tierces
Bourdeaux Brandy
Teneriffe Wine
Molaſſes
Georgia and Carolina Indigo
Ravens Duck and one hogſhead of paint bruſhes.
N. & J. Frazer.
No. 95, South Front Street.
Nov. 7. d1m

Juſt Publiſhed,
And to be had of Meſſrs. Dobſon, Campbell, Rice, Cary, and the other pricipal Bookſellers in the city, price one dollar, twinty-five cents, in boards,
New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and Nations of America.
By BENJAMIN SMITH BARTON, M. D.
June 20. *6t

PROPOSALS,
FOR PRINTING BY SUBSCRIPTION,
A NEW AND INTERESTING WORK, ENTITLED,
A TREATISE
ON THE POLICE OF LONDON,
Containing a detail of the various crimes and miſdemeanors, by which public and private property, are, at preſent, injured and endangered : And ſuggeſting remedies for their prevention.
BY A MAGISTRATE,
Acting for the counties of Middleſex, Surry, Kent, and Eſſex ; for the city and liberty of Weſtminſter ; and for the liberty of the Tower of London.

To thoſe who have read this curious and valuable work, it will need no recommendation—they know its ſolid merit—but as it has hitherto got into very few hands in this country, it will not be amiſs to obſerve—ſo great was the approbation and demand in London, that it paſſed through three large editions in the courſe of twelve months. As a detail of the ingenious varieties of fraud, that endanger property in London, and moſt other overgrown and opulent cities, it cannot fail to afford the reader great entertainment as well as inſtruction ; but as the author traces all theſe enormities to a few, and in themſelves, inconſiderable cauſes, many of which actually exiſt in all the large capitals of the United States, the buſineſs is brought home to our own doors ; and the work has an increaſing claim to our attentive peruſal.

"To aſſiſt the legiſlator and the magiſtrate in the humane office of preventing crimes, and their conſequent puniſhments, was the patriotic deſign of the author. "Private offences, he ſays, are the ſource of public crimes, and the beſt method of guarding ſociety againſt the latter is, to make proper proviſions, for checking the former"—"Thoſe men are eaſily ſeduced from their loyalty who are apoſtates from virtue."

CONDITIONS.

This work will be printed in a large octavo, on an excellent Engliſh paper—It will be delivered to ſubſcribers, bound in boards, at the moderate price of *One Dollar and a half ;* although the laſt London edition, on inferior paper and meanly bound, is now ſold at two dollars and a half. To non-ſubſcribers the price will be raiſed.

Whatever encouragement may be given by ſubſcription, it will be committed to the preſs without delay ; and, barring accidents, will be ready for publication early in April.

☞ Subſcriptions will be thankfully received at BENJAMIN DAVIES'S book-ſtore, No 68, High-ſtreet, and by moſt of the other bookſellers in the city ; by George Hill, in Baltimore ; and by Samuel Campbell, and A. Drummond, in New-York.
January 31. 2awtA

ROSS & SIMSON,
HAVE FOR SALE,
A few bales Baftas, Coſſas, and a quantity of Bengal COTTON
Bengal SUGAR, in bags and boxes
Jamaica, St. Vincents, and Bengal } RUM.
300 caſks RICE, and
A parcel of ſhip building RED CEDAR.
Oct. 27. §

To be Exchanged for
Britiſh, German, or India Goods,
IN THE PACKAGE ;
A tract of valuable Land
In Lycoming, joining that of the Holland co. and containing 10,000 Acres.
Inquire of the Printer.
Jan. 15. §

COLUMBIA HOUSE
Boarding School for young Ladies.

MRS. GROOMBRIDGE with much pleaſure and reſpect, returns her ſincere acknowledgement for the liberal encouragement ſhe has received during four years reſidence in Philadelphia ; and aſſures her friends and the public, ſo far from intending to decline her ſchool, ſhe has made a ſuperior arrangement for the more convenient accommodation of her ſcholars.—Every branch of uſeful and polite education is particularly attended by Mrs. Groombridge and maſters excelling in their reſpective profeſſions.

Corner of Spruce and Eleventh Streets.
June 5th, 1797. §1mſtf

The ſituation is perfectly healthy : and made more agreeable by an extenſive garden and lot of ground adjoining the houſe.

FOR SALE, AT
WM. YOUNG's *Book Store,*
No. 52, Second ſtreet, the corner of Cheſnut ſtreet.

REPORT of the Committee of the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States, appointed to prepare and report Articles of Impeachment againſt WILLIAM BLOUNT, a Senator of the United States, impeached of high crimes and miſdemeanors, made in purſuance of a reſolution of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, authorizing the ſaid Committee to ſit during the receſs of Congreſs, and inſtructing them "to enquire, and, by all lawful "means, to diſcover the whole nature and extent "of the offence whereof the ſaid William Blount "ſtands impeached, and who are the parties and "aſſociates therein."
Printed by order of the Houſe of Repreſentatives
December 20. §

French Circulating Library.
JOSEPH E. G. M. De La GRANGE,
No. 110 Walnut-ſtreet,

INFORMS thoſe who wiſh to recur to the only means of becoming perfect in the French Language, that he has juſt opened his LIBRARY, conſiſting of upwards of 1500 volumes, the beſt calculated to afford either uſeful inſtruction, or pleaſure. The conditions, together with a catalogue of the Library, may be ſeen at every book-ſeller's in town.

N. B. All tranſlations from and into the French, Engliſh and Spaniſh Languages, executed with accuracy and diſpatch. co1m *nov. 15.*

Samuel Pleaſants & Sons,
No. 74, South Second-ſtreet,
HAVE received a ſupply of Seaſonable GOODS, which they are now opening for ſale, on reaſonable terms. Oct 27.—4w

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This Day is Publiſhed,
BY Meſſ. Dobſon, Carey, Campbell, Rice, and the other Bookſellers,
Price One Dollar and twenty-five cents,
Elegantly printed on Wove paper, and Hot-preſſed,
By John Thompſon,
A COMPARATIVE VIEW OF
The Conſtitutions
Of the ſeveral States with each other, and with that of the United States : exhibiting in Tables, the prominent features of each Conſtitution, and claſſing together their moſt important proviſions, under the ſeveral heads of adminiſtration ; with Notes and Obſervations.
By WILLIAM SMITH,
Of South-Carolina,
L. L. D. and member of the Congreſs of the United States.
Dedicated to the People of the United States.
N. B. A few Copies printed on an inferior paper, at 3-4ths of a dollar.

Employment for the Poor.
FLAX FOR SPINNING,
To be given out every ſecond, fourth, and ſixth day morning, between the hours of 10 and 12—back of no. 52, ſouth Fifth ſtreet, above Spruce-ſtreet. cod2w

---

James C. & Samuel W. Fiſher.
AT THEIR STORE,
No. 213, corner of Arch and Front ſtreet.
HAVE FOR SALE,
Cotton and worſted Hoſiery in trunks, aſſorted
A few bales red, white, and yellow Flannel
Ditto ſutty romall Handkerchiefs
Ditto Pullicat ſilk ditto
Ditto Pondicherry and Madraſs ditto
Ditto Gurrahs
Bengal black Taffeties
4000 pieces Nankeens, and
Few cheſts beſt Hyſon Tea
Alſo—1500 boxes beſt London Window Glaſs, from 8 by 6, to 19 by 14—and 15 hhds. Glaſs Ware aſſorted, which they will diſpoſe of cheaper than any in the city.
Nov. 18 3tawtf

Imported (via New York) on the ſhip Hero, from Madras and Calcutta, and for ſale by the ſubſcriber, at No. 61, Cheſnut ſtreet, between Second and Third Streets, the following articles.

Maharagonges	Charconna Dorens
Chintz and Calicoes	Dacca worked muſlins
Gillis Romals	Bandannoes
Nillas & Penſiaſoes	Chaſſa Romals
Blue cloth	Hair ribbon
Mull Mull handkerchiefs	Palempores
Patna do.	Banares Opium
Leſſer Cardimum Seeds.	

Samuel Wilcox.
november 27 tuths4w

Valuable Books,
Juſt received by the FAIR AMERICAN from London, and now opening and ſelling by J. ORMROD, No. 41, Cheſnut Street.
CATALOGUES
Of the newly imported books may be had gratis. Theſe added to O's uſual ſtock, form an extenſive and elegant collection of ancient and modern literature, and compriſe books in ſundry languages and on various ſubjects.

This Day is Publiſhed,
By J. ORMROD, (Price 75 cents, handſomely bound and lettered, and embelliſhed with an elegant frontiſpitce and ſeventy three cuts.)
The Looking Glaſs for the Mind,
OR,
The JUVENILE FRIEND ;
Being a valuable collection of intereſting and miſcellaneous incidents, calculated to exhibit to young minds the happy effects of youthful innocence and filial affection—In proſe and verſe. Deſigned to improve and amuſe the riſing generation.
In the Preſs, and will be ſpeedily publiſhed,
Dr. DARWIN'S
Plan of Female Education.
Subſcriptions for this incomparable work will be thankfully received by the printer. The book will contain about three hundred pages, will be printed with a new type on fine paper, and delivered to ſubſcribers neatly bound, lettered and embelliſhed with an elegant frontiſpiece, for one dollar.
January 3. 3t.

FOR SALE, BY
WILLIAM PRIESTMAN,
129, South Front-ſtreet, next door to the Cuſtom-houſe,
A large aſſortment of
Gold and ſilver Watches
A Time Keeper, by Arnold
Some plated Candleſticks
Double barrelled Guns, by Mortimer, maker to the King of England
Ditto, by Parker
Pair duelling Piſtols, by Knubley, Charing Croſs
Reflecting Teleſcope, by Ribright
Box of patent Medicines
60 lb. Scotch Thread
Small collection of valuable Books, and Books of Prints
30,000 acres of Land in one lot, upon the Big Sandy, in Maſon county, Kentucky, patented by Perceival Butler, in 1787.
Alſo, 14 Lake Erie Lots
Invoices or parcels of Watches bought.
January 4. d7t

School Books and Stationary.

W. YOUNG,
No. 52, Second-ſtreet, corner of Cheſnut-ſtreet,
HAS now ready for ſale, a very large aſſortment of *Engliſh, French, Latin and Greek* SCHOOL BOOKS. *Alſo*, ſuch elementary books on Science, as are generally read in the academies and colleges throughout the United States.

LATELY PUBLISHED,
Sheridan's Dictionary, the ſixth edition, in one large vol. 8 vo. price 3 dols.
Ditto, large 12 mo price 1 dol. 75 cts.
Ditto, common, price 1 dol. 50 cts.

All ſorts of drawing, packing, printing, and writing Paper ; Bookbinder's Boards, Paſteboards, ſheathing and blotting Papers ; printed Blanks, blank Books, Wax, Wafers, and other articles, of the beſt quality, uſed in the counting houſe, or public office.

☞ Catalogues of a miſcellaneous collection of BOOKS, with the price of each affixed, to be had by inquiring as above. Oct. 24.—3aw6w

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Yellow Fever and Peſtilential Diſeaſes.
THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED in one vol. octavo.
By WILLIAM YOUNG, *Bookſeller,*
No. 52, Second ſtreet, the corner of Cheſnut ſtreet,
(Price, in boards, 87 1-2 Cents)
Neatly printed on fine American wove medium Paper,
A VIEW
Of the Science of LIFE ;
On the principles eſtabliſhed in the elements of Medicine, of the late celebrated
JOHN BROWN, M. D.
With an attempt to correct ſome important errors of that work, and caſes in illuſtration, chiefly ſelected from the records of their practice, at the General Hoſpital at Calcutta,
By WILLIAM YATES & CHAS. MACLEAN.
To which is ſubjoined, a Treatiſe on the action of Mercury upon living bodies, and its application for the cure of diſeaſes of indirect debility. And a diſſertation on the ſources of Epidemic and, Peſtilential diſeaſes ; in which is attempted to prove by a numerous induction of facts, that they never ariſe from contagion, but are always produced by certain ſtates, or certain viciſſitudes of the atmoſphere, by CHARLES MACLEAN, of Calcutta.
nov. 21. §12t

Wanted, to Hire,
A Large and convenient HOUSE, in or near the centre of the city—for which a generous rent will be given ; to be taken for a year, or on more for a longer term. Inquire of the Printer.
Oct. 17. cotf

Tin Plates,
FOR SALE BY
SIMON WALKER,
Pine, near Fifth ſtreet.
December 28. 1w

The cargo of the Weſt-Indian from Jamaica, landing at South Street wharf,
136 hhds. and 300 barrels choice Coffee
98 Hhds of prime Sugar
29 Hhds. of Rum.
For ſale By
Peter Blight.
WHO ALSO OFFERS FOR SALE,
500,000 Lbs of Java Coffee
800 Bags do. Sugar
Cloves and mace in boxes
A quantity of Hiſpaniola Cocoa
Red Port Wine in pipes and hogſheads
Madeira do. in pipes
February 6 d2weotm

A Roman Catholic Clergyman,
Who has been a conſiderable time on the miſſion in the country parts of the ſtate of Pennſylvania, gives this notice to any extenſive proprietor of land within the ſaid ſtate, and bordering on either the Potomack, Suſquehanna, or Juniata rivers ; that he is enabled to make a ſattlement with from fifty to one hundred and fifty families, if due encouragement be offered.—For further information, apply to the Rev. Leonard Neale, Willing's Alley.
Feb. 8. 3t

For Sale.

THE Subſcriber offers for ſale the property now occupied by him in the town of Weſt-Cheſter and county of Cheſter. It conſiſts of a well finiſhed two ſtory ſtone houſe, 43 feet front, by about 40 deep, four rooms on a floor, with cieled garrets, and a cellar under the whole—A very good ſtone Stable and Coach houſe—And a lot of Ground, three perches wide, by twenty perches depth.

The houſe ſtands on the Main ſtreet ; its ſituation is high and very handſome ; the lot extends to a back ſtreet, on which the ſtable and coach houſe ſtand. The lot is in a high ſtate of cultivation, and there is in the yard a pump of excellent water, which has, at no time, been known to fail.

The ſituation of the town is high, and remarkably healthy—the country around it, fertile and beautiful.

The terms of payment will made to ſuit the purchaſer. They, and the price, will be ſettled, upon application to Mr. JONATHAN SMITH, at No. 149, South Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia, or to
ROBERT FRAZER.
February 5. mwſtf

City Commiſſioner's Office,
January 12th, 1798.
FOR THE INFORMATION OF THE CITIZENS.

THE following arrangement is made by the ſaid commiſſioners, for cleanſing the ſtreets, &c.

Diſtrict No. 1.—From the north ſide of Vine ſtreet, to the ſouth ſide of Mulberry ſtreet ; to be under the ſuperintendance of Nicholas Hicks.

2 From the ſouth ſide of Mulbrry ſtreet, to the ſouth ſide of Cheſnut ſtrreet, to be under the ſuperintendance of William Moulder.

3. From the ſouth ſide of Cheſnut ſtreet to the north ſide of Spruce ſtreet, to be under the ſuperintendance of Joſeph Claypoole.

4. From the north ſide of Spruce ſtreet, to the ſouth ſide of Cedar ſtreet, to be under the ſuperintendance of Hugh Roberts. mwfim

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OVAL BOTTLES.

Quart and half gallon in crates—and a quantity of Claret Bottles of a right ſize—For ſale at No. 13, Church Alley. JOHN DORSEY.
January 12 3taw6w.

Recently Publiſhed,
And juſt imported from England, by WILLIAM GRIFFITHS, No. 177, South Second ſtreet, and may be had of MORGAN J. RHEES,
A Cheap and valuable work, in two cloſely printed volumes, in 8vo. (price 3 dollars)
Illuſtrations of Prophecy :
In which are elucidated many predictions, which occur in Iſaiah, Daniel, the writings of the Evangeliſts, and book of Revelation ; which are tho't to foretell among other great events, a revolution in France, favorable to the intereſts of mankind, the overthrow of the papal power and of eccleſiaſtical tyranny, the downfall of civil deſpotiſm, and the ſubſequent melioration of the ſtate of the world : together with
A large collection of Extracts,
Interſperſed through the work, and taken from numerous commentators, particularly from

Joſeph Mede,	Sir Iſaac Newton,
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Dr. Th. Goodwin,	Fleming,
Dr. Henry More,	Bengelius,
Dr. John Owen,	Daubuz,
Dr. Creſſener,	Whitby,
Peter Jurieu,	Lowman,
Brenius,	Biſhop Newton, and
Biſhop Chandler,	Biſhop Hurd.

By JOSEPH LOMAS TOWERS.

Beſides various other inquiries treated of in this work, and numerous illuſtrations of prophecy ; it contains a conſiderable number of facts or obſervations on the ſymbolic language of prophecy, the authenticity, uſes, and obſcurity of the apocalypſe, and the genuineneſs of the Hebrew prophets ; on the rapid corruption of chriſtianity in the fourth century ; on the diſperſion and reſtoration of the Jews, the hiſtory of the falſe Meſſiahs who have appeared among them, and the reaſons in ſupport of the conjecture that the Afghans are the deſcendants of the ten tribes ; on the right of reſiſtance to oppreſſion ; on the irruptions of the northern nations, and the cauſes of the decline and fall of the Roman empire ; on the cuſtoms of the Tartars, and the independence of the Arabs ; on the conqueſts of thoſe nations, and thoſe of the Turks ; on the uſurpation of the Mamalukes, and the paſt hiſtory and preſent ſtate of Egypt ; on the character and conduct of Conſtantine, Juſtinian, Clovis, and Lewis XIV ; on the ſcarcity of books in the dark ages, and the cauſes of the decline of literature ; on the rapid riſe of the French monarchy, and the cauſes of its fall ; on the inconſiſtencies in the political characters of biſhops Newton and Hurd ; on the peculiarities of Dr. Th. Burnet's theory of the earth ; on the beneficial effects which chriſtianity has produced in favor of learning and civil liberty, and its tendency to promote the eſtabliſhment of equal governments.

Independent of the large proportion of original matter contained in theſe volumes, thoſe who are intereſted in the ſubject will, it is preſumed, wiſh to peruſe or conſult them, becauſe the extracts introduced in them, which are accurately cited, and marked with inverted commas, are taken from a greater number of writers on the prophecies (at leaſt if the roman catholic commentators be excluded) than are eaſily acceſſible to any one individual even in Europe, or are probably to be found in any one library in the world They are furniſhed with indexes, and a copious table of contents. Jan 22—2aw2w

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Chocolate and Muſtard,
of a ſuperior quality manufactured,
GINGER and Pepper, ground ; ſhelled or pearl Barley ; Philadelphia Porter, Beer, Ale and Cyder ; Taunton and Burton Ale ; London Porter ; red. Port and Liſbon Wine, ſuitable for exportation or home conſumption.
The higheſt price given for Muſtard-Seed.
Alſo for ſale, A quantity of Bocking and common Baizes, a variety of colors ; a bale of Fuſtians, Shawls, &c. for ſale by
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nov. 27. m.&th.t.1J.